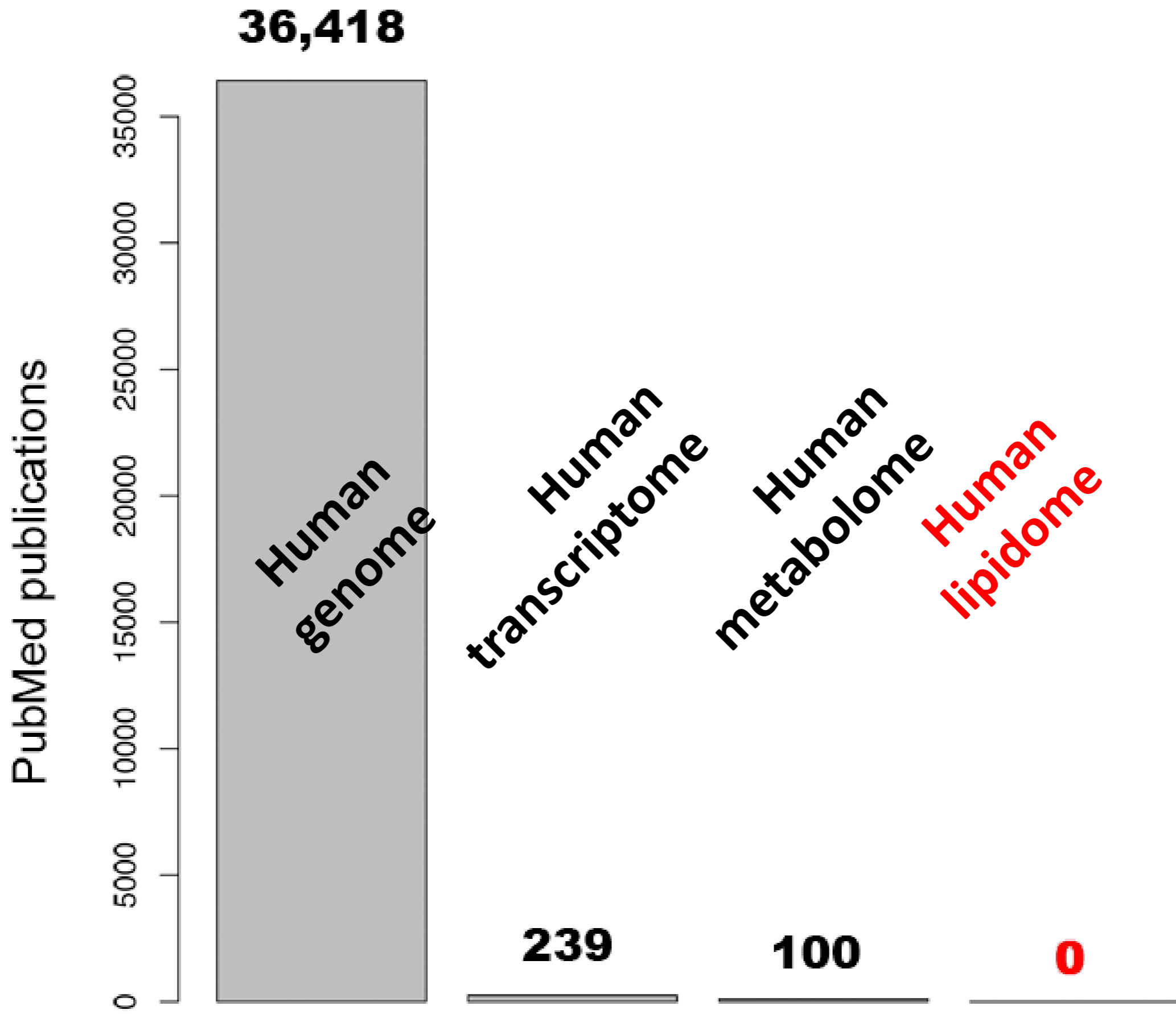
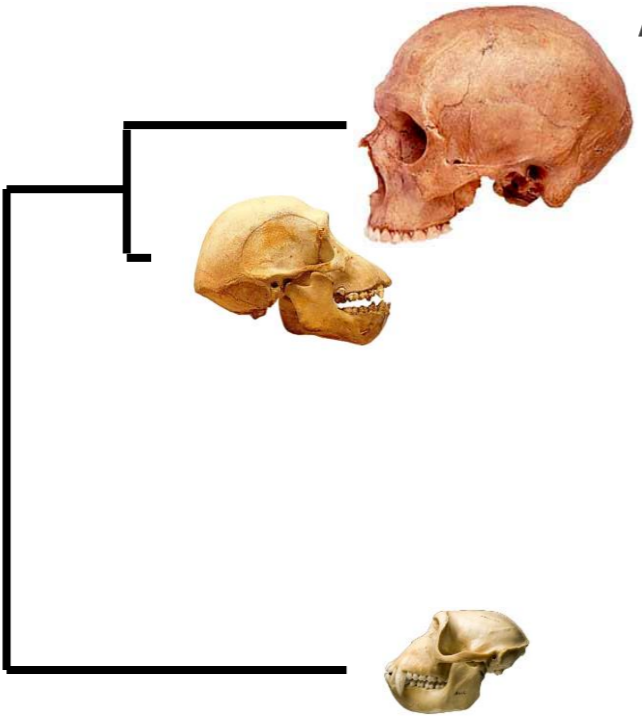


# Системная **ЛИПИДОМИКА** в изучении биологии МОЗГА ЧЕЛОВЕКА

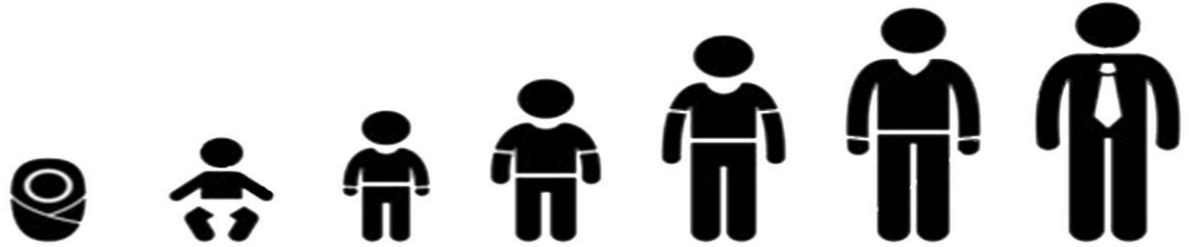
филипп хайтович



**Эволюция**



**Развитие**



**Данные**



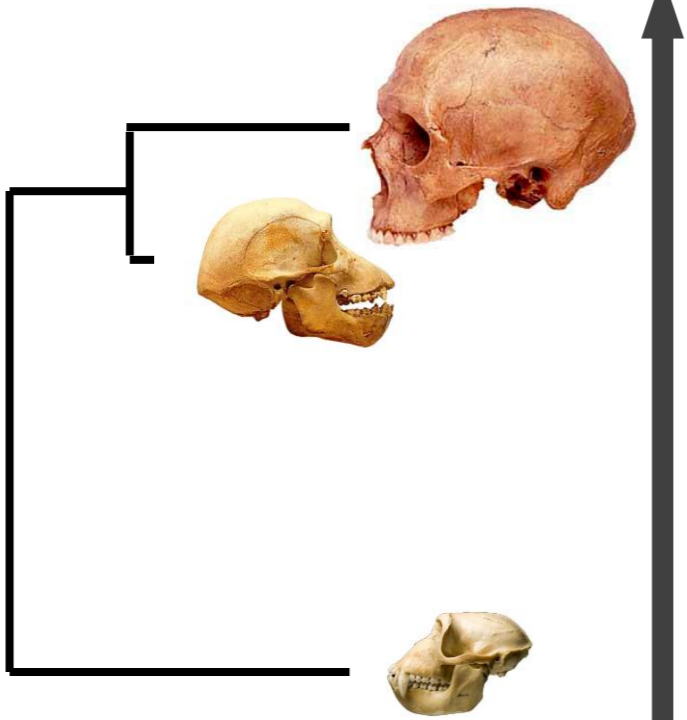
*Метаболиты и Липиды*

*Белки*

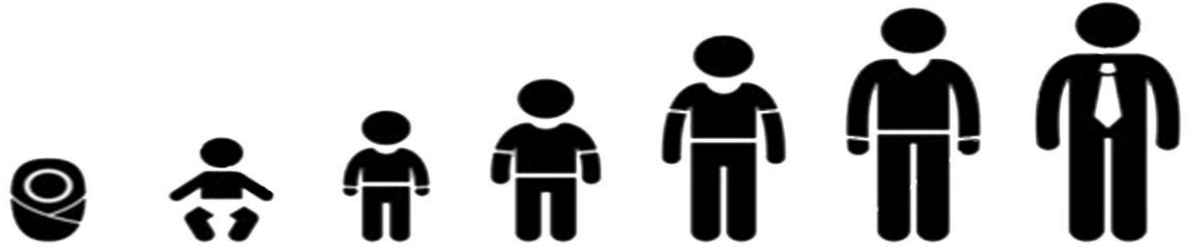
*Экспрессия генов*

*Геном*

**Эволюция**

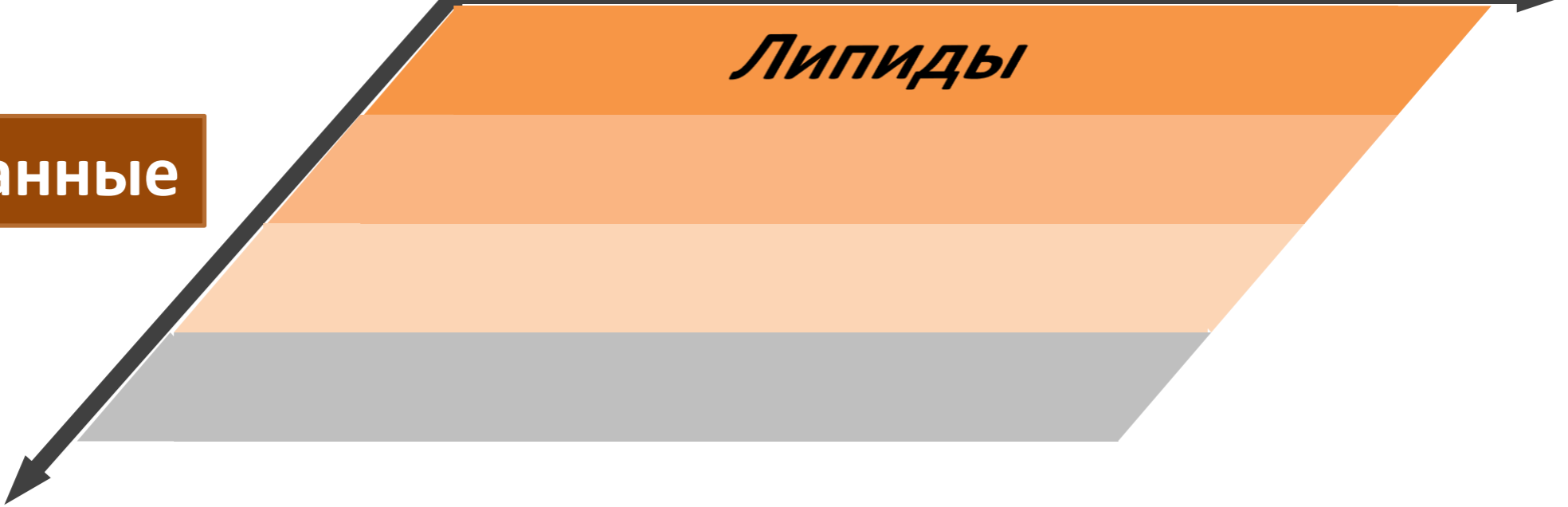


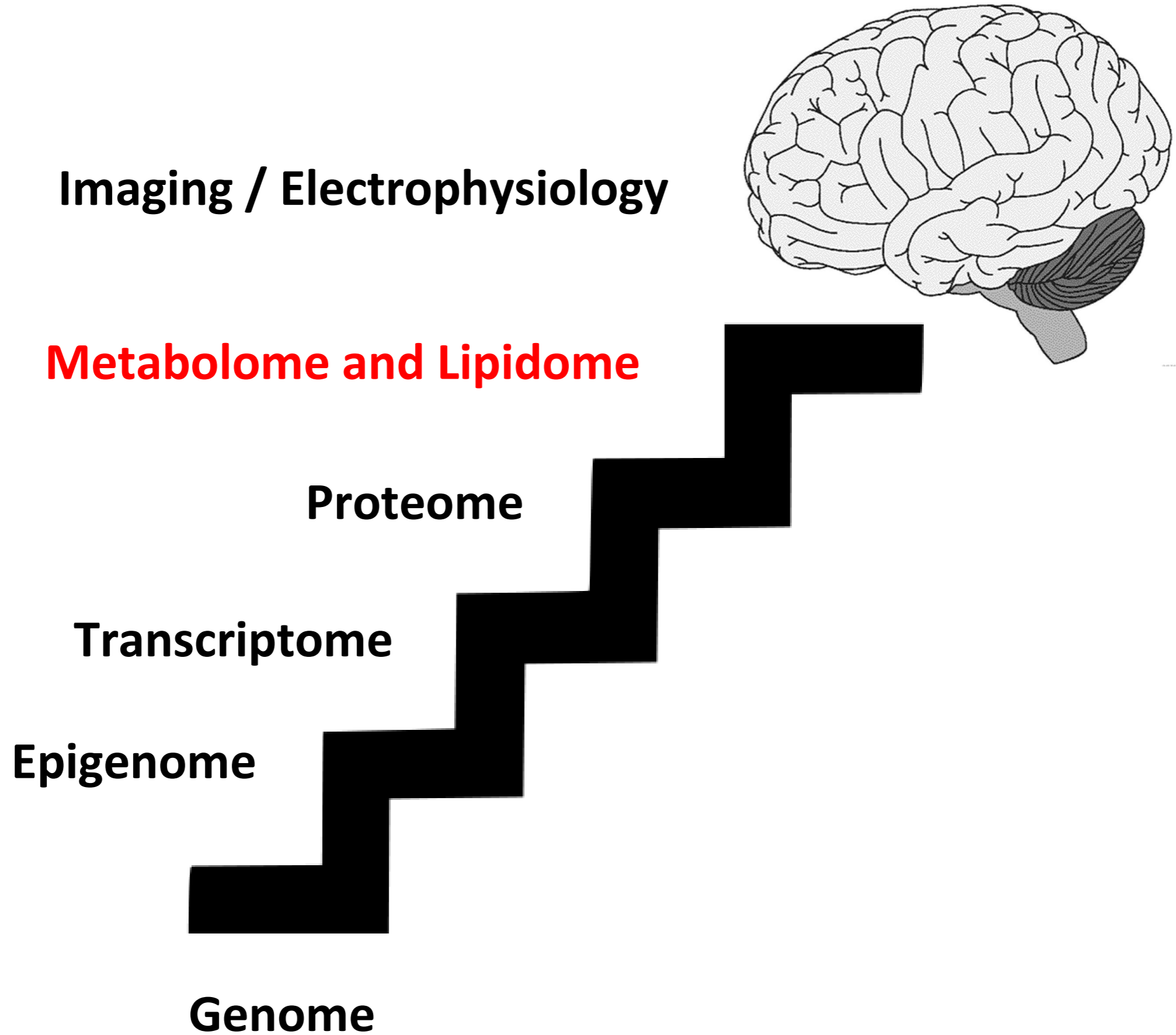
**Развитие**

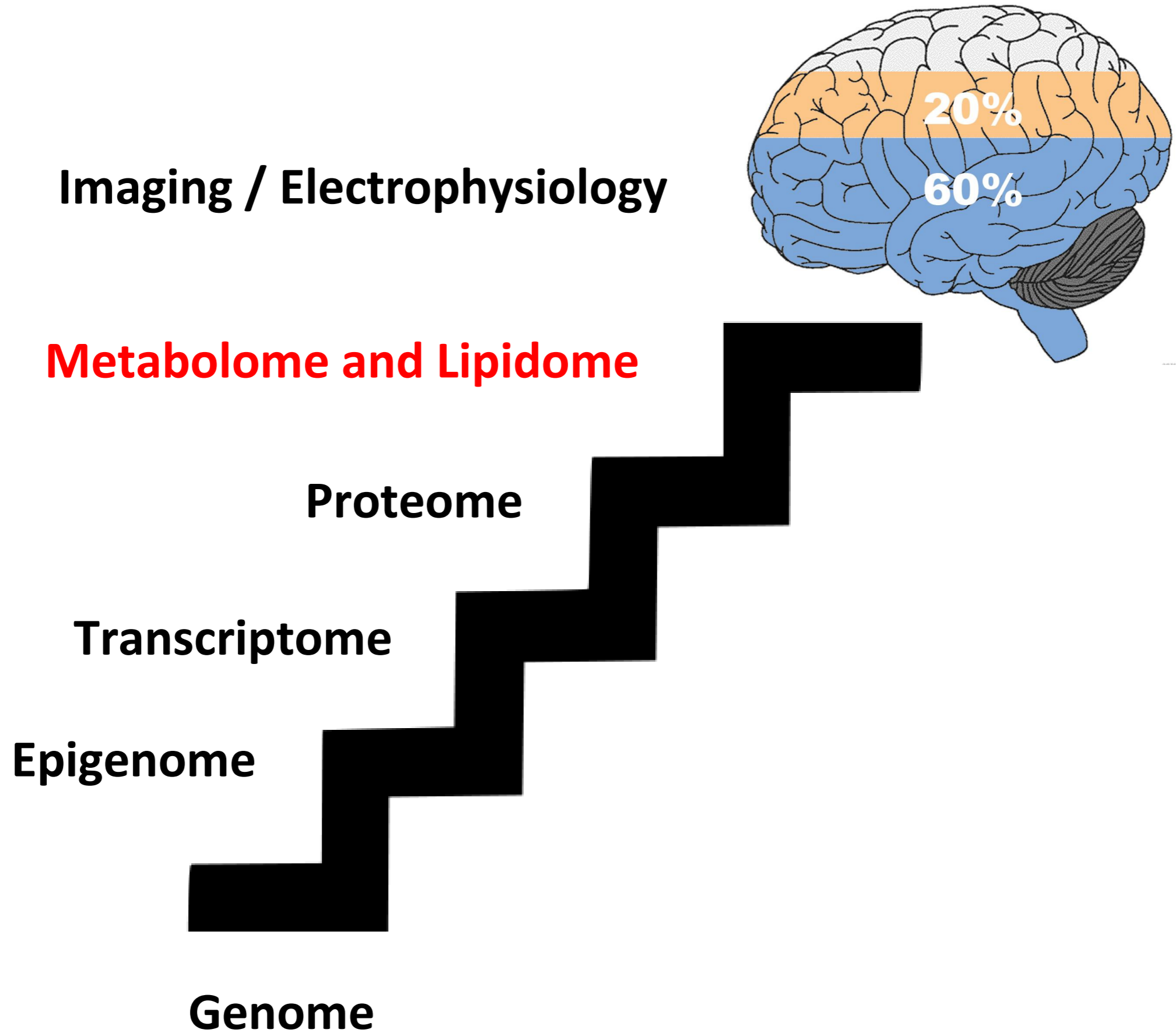


**Данные**

*Липиды*





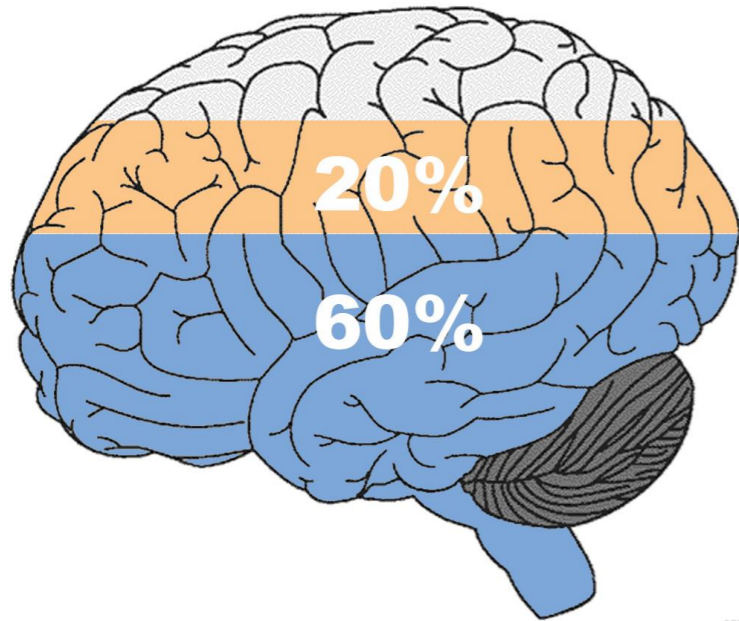


## Metabolome

Hydrophilic  
10,615 / 1,535

## Lipidome

Hydrophobic  
6,472 / 934  
5,547



Detected peaks

4,000  
2,000  
0

4,458

947

[+]

LC-MS

2,956

513

[-]

GC-MS

3,201

75



775

[+]

lipid LC-MS

925

159

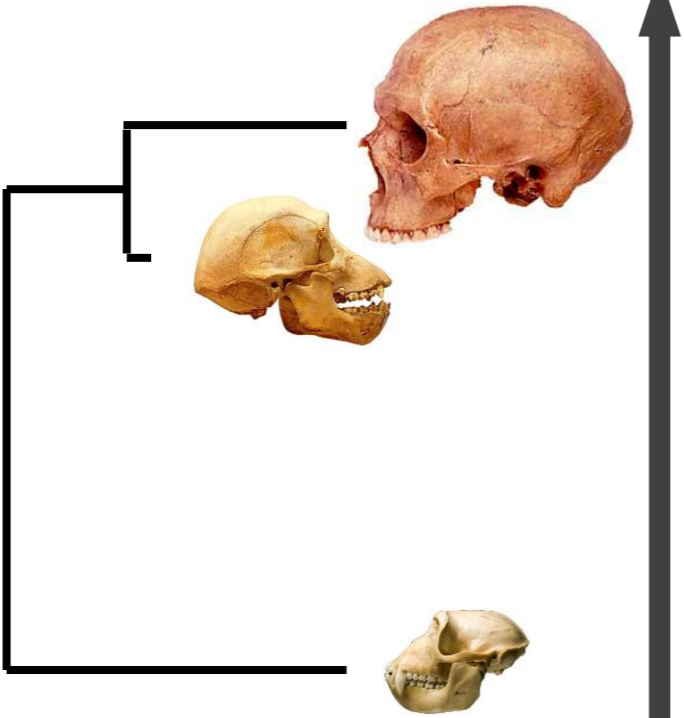
[-]

lipid LC-MS

# 1. Системная липидомика тканей человека

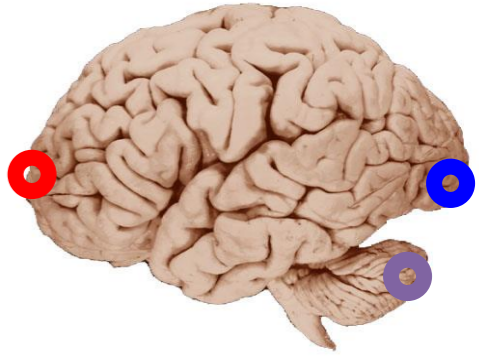


# Эволюция

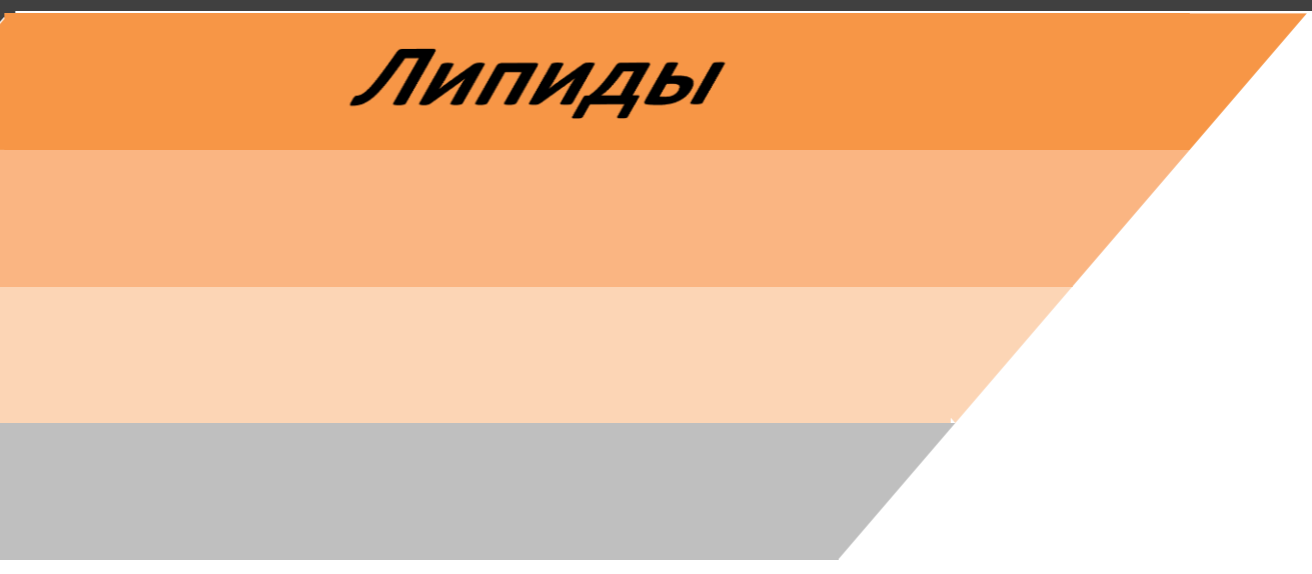


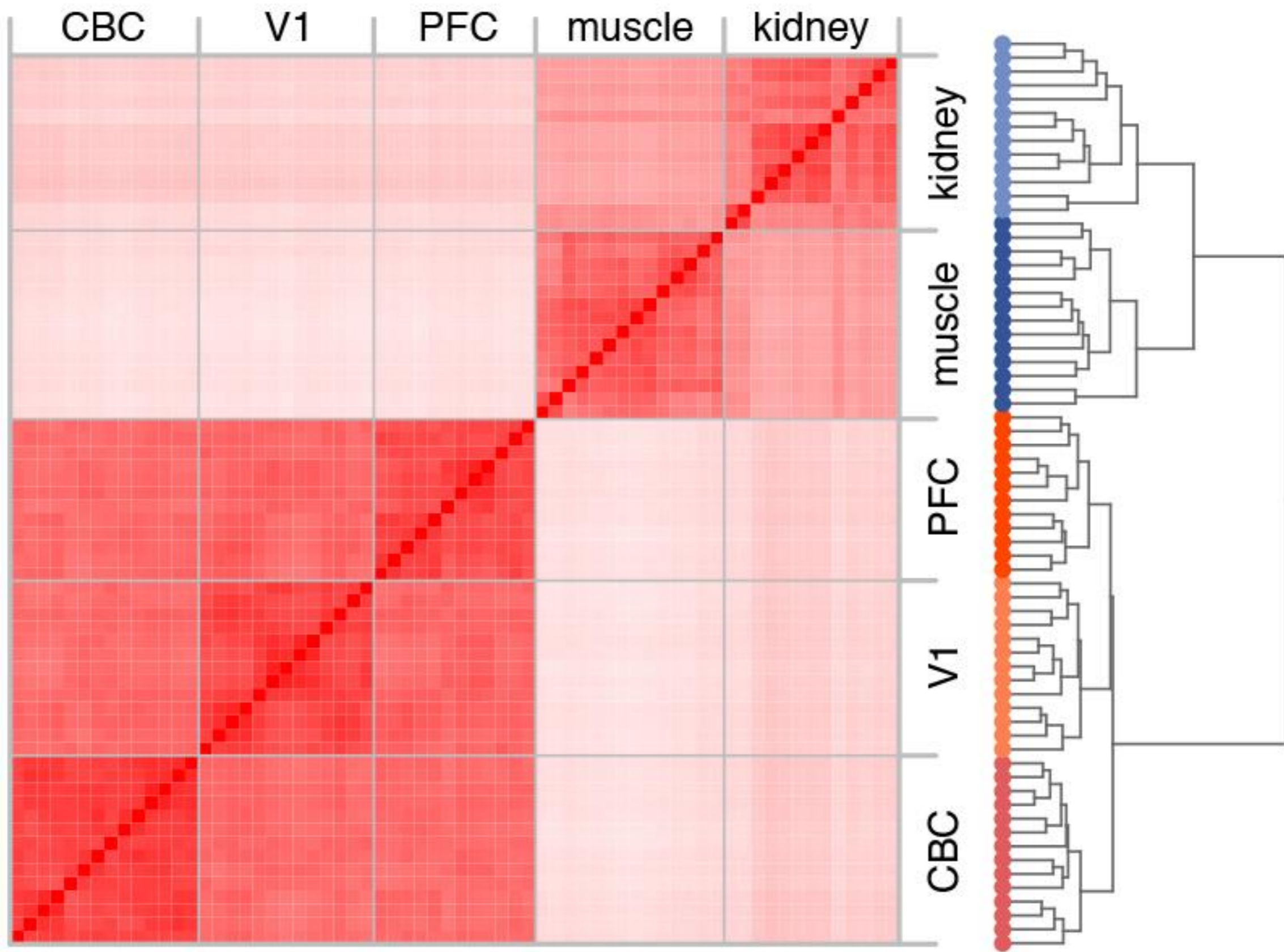
## 5 tissues:

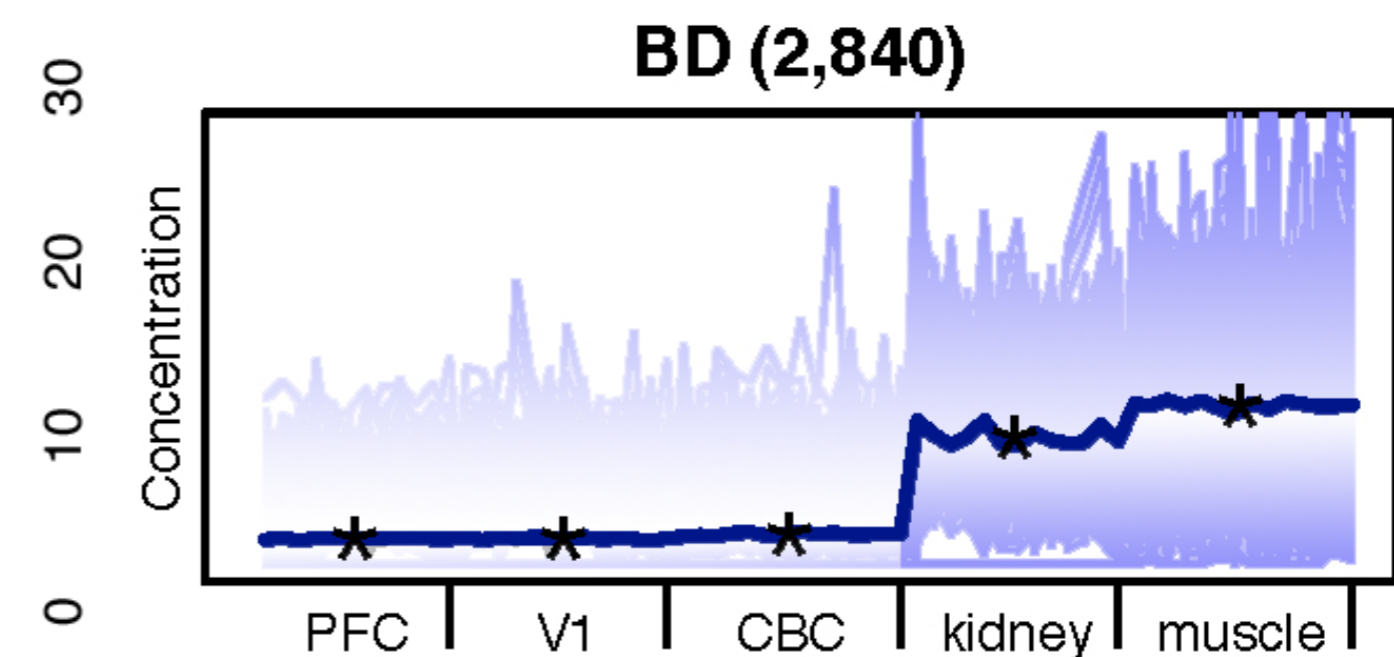
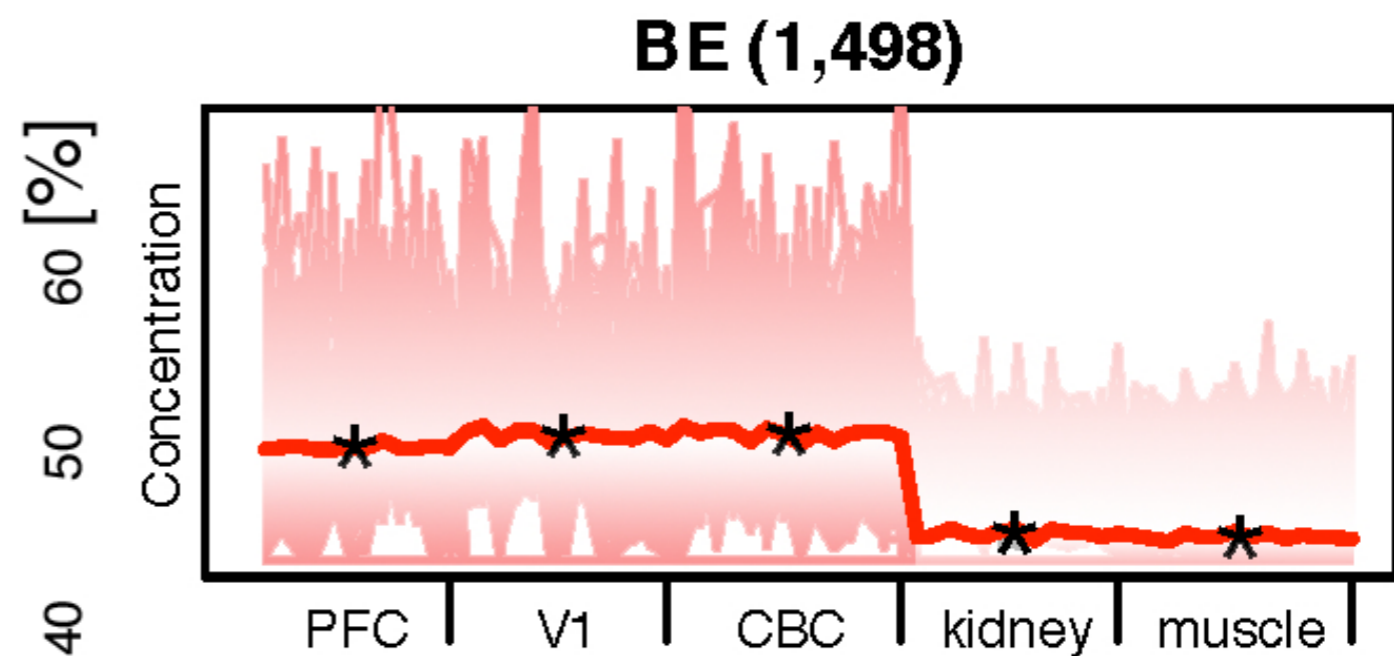
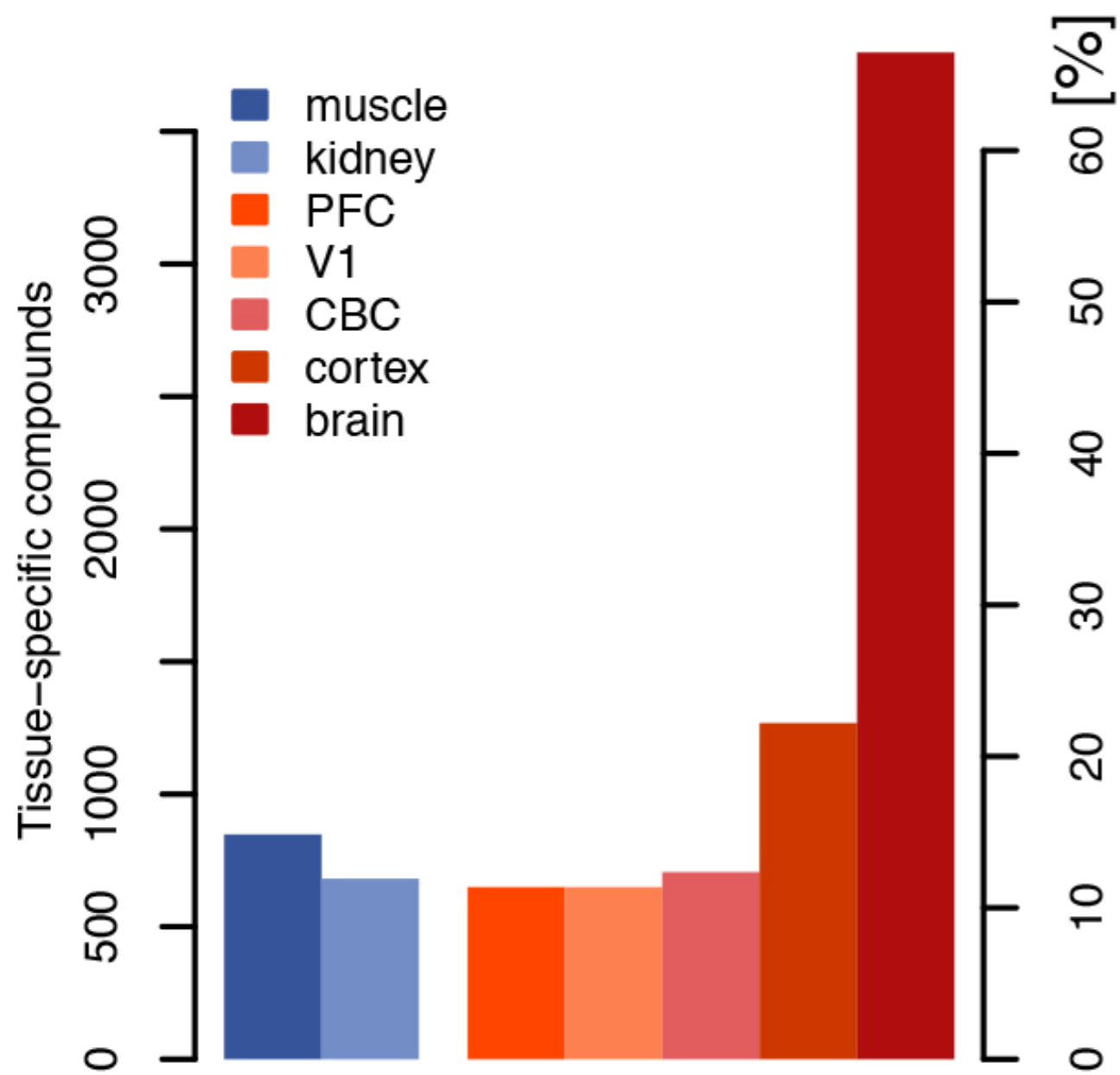
- Brain | prefrontal cortex
- Brain | cerebellum
- Brain | primary visual cortex
- Kidney
- Muscle

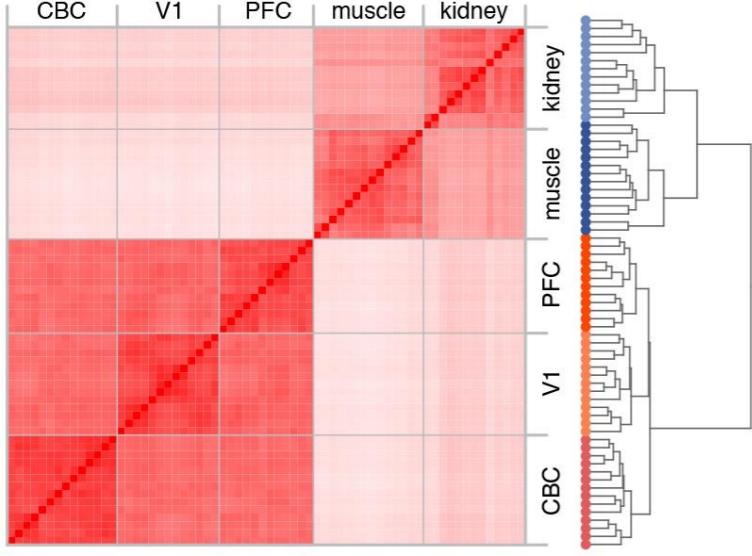


# Данные

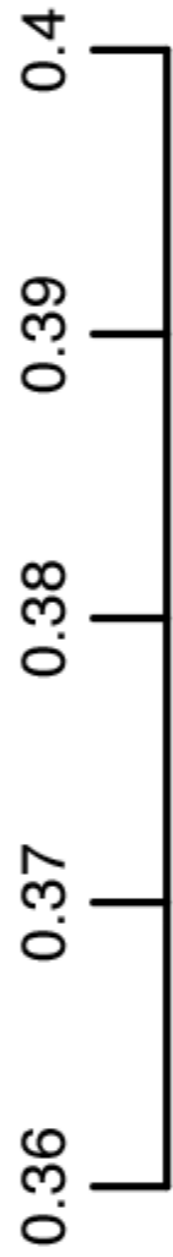








brain – muscle/kidney distance



human



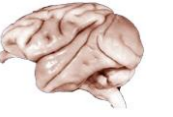
chimp.

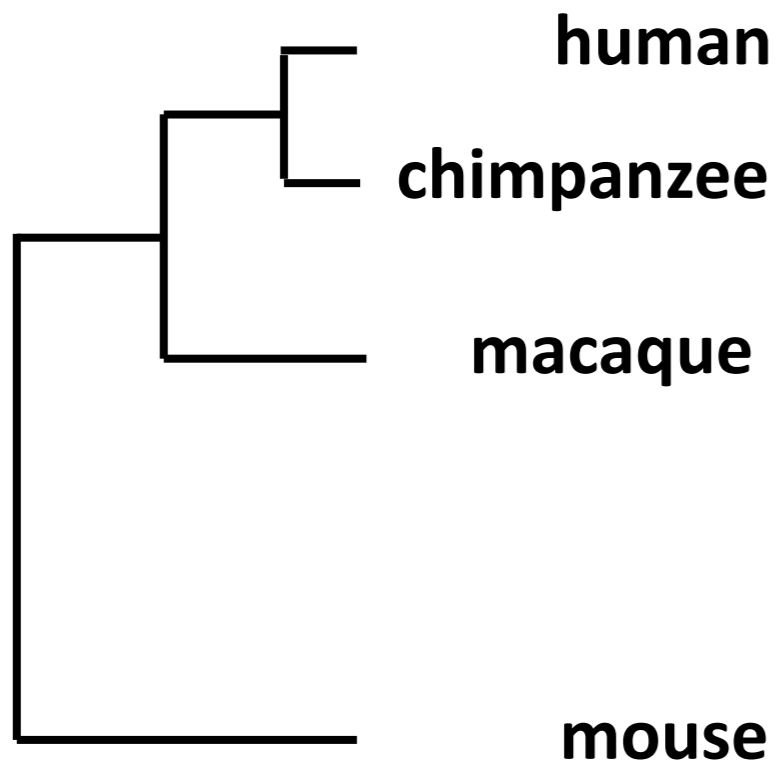


macaque



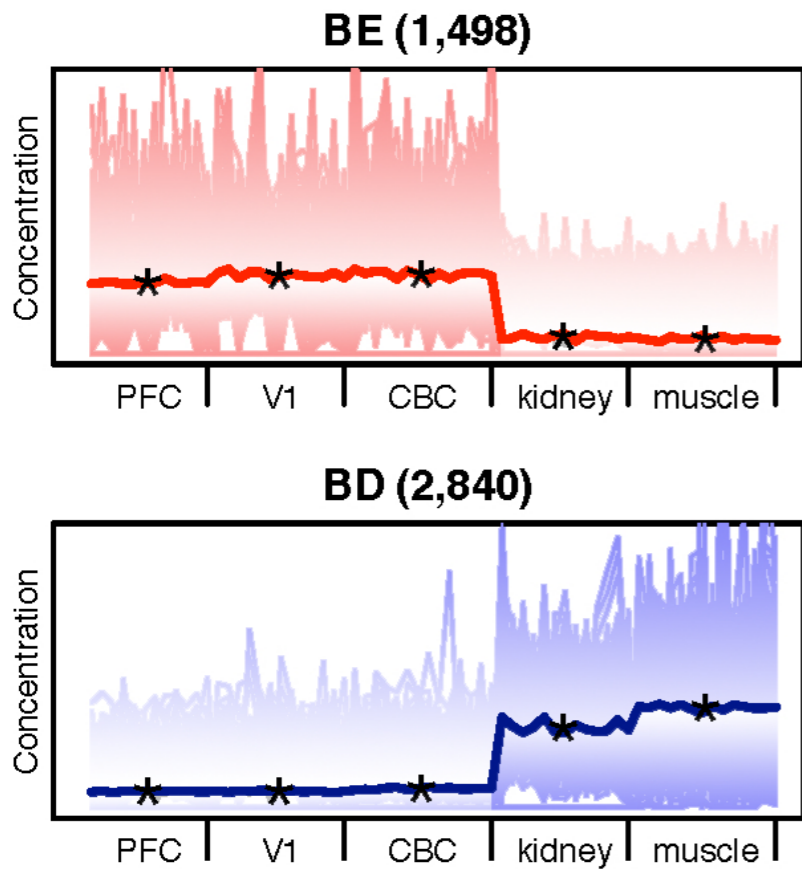
mouse



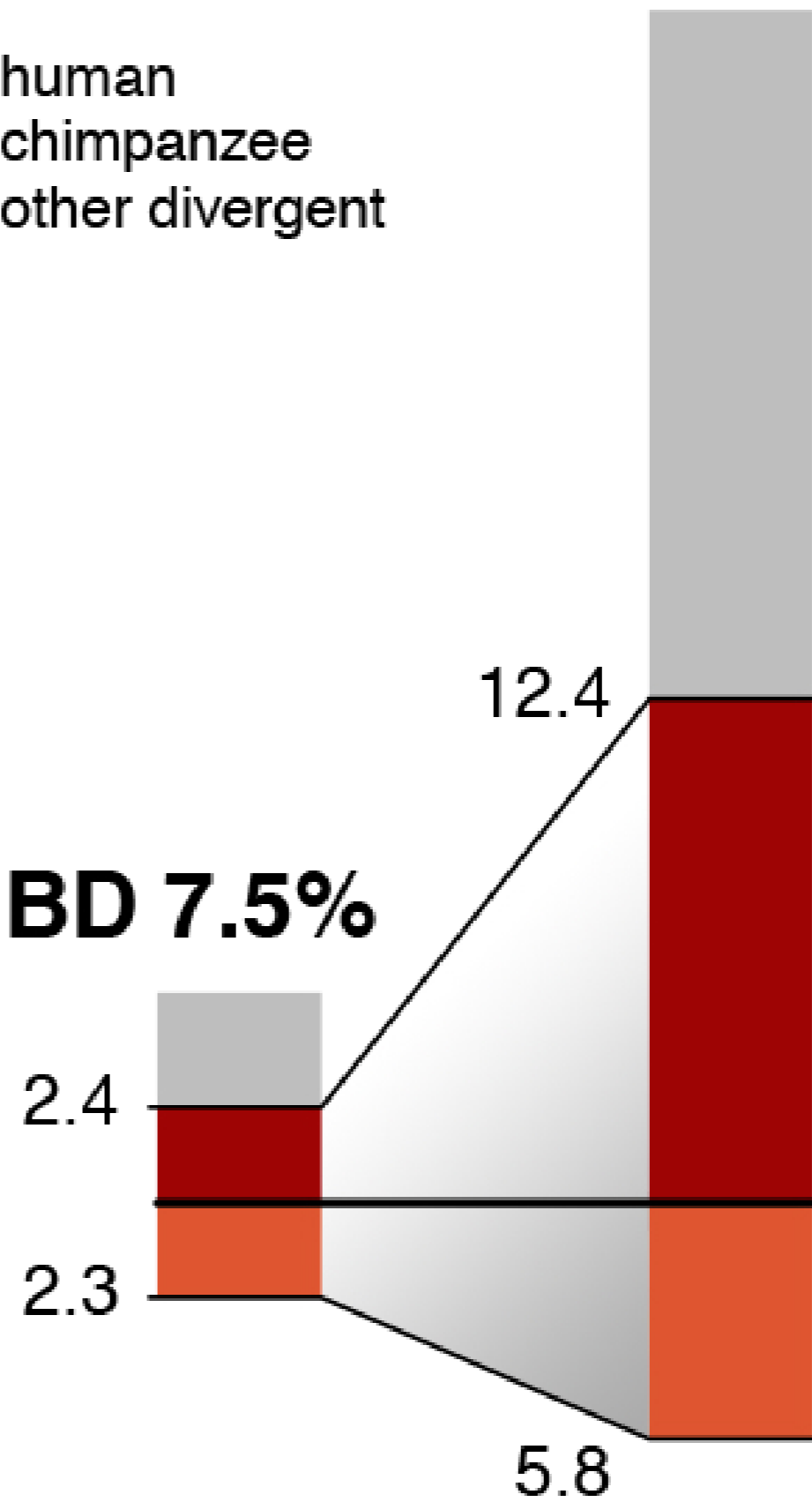


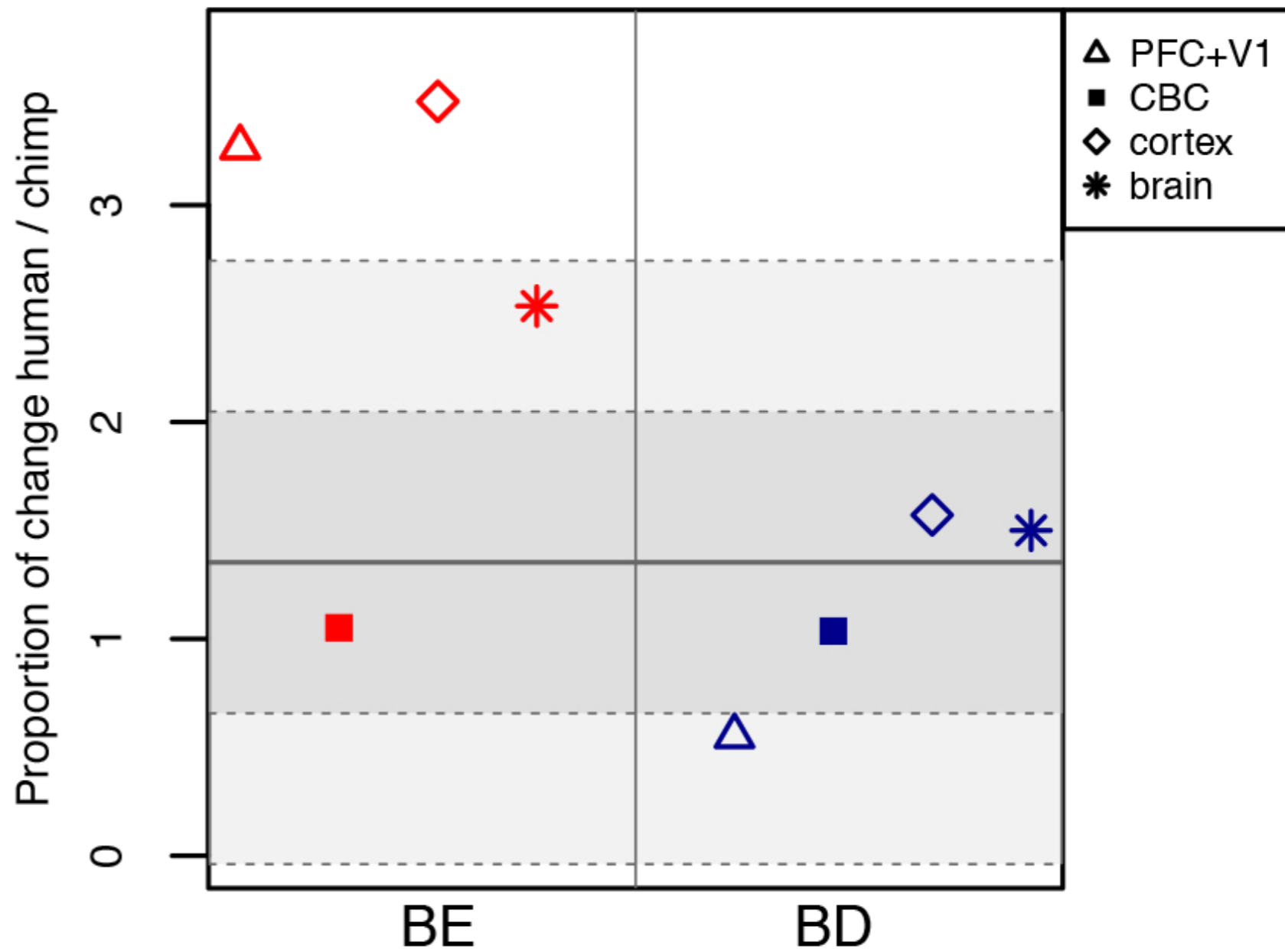
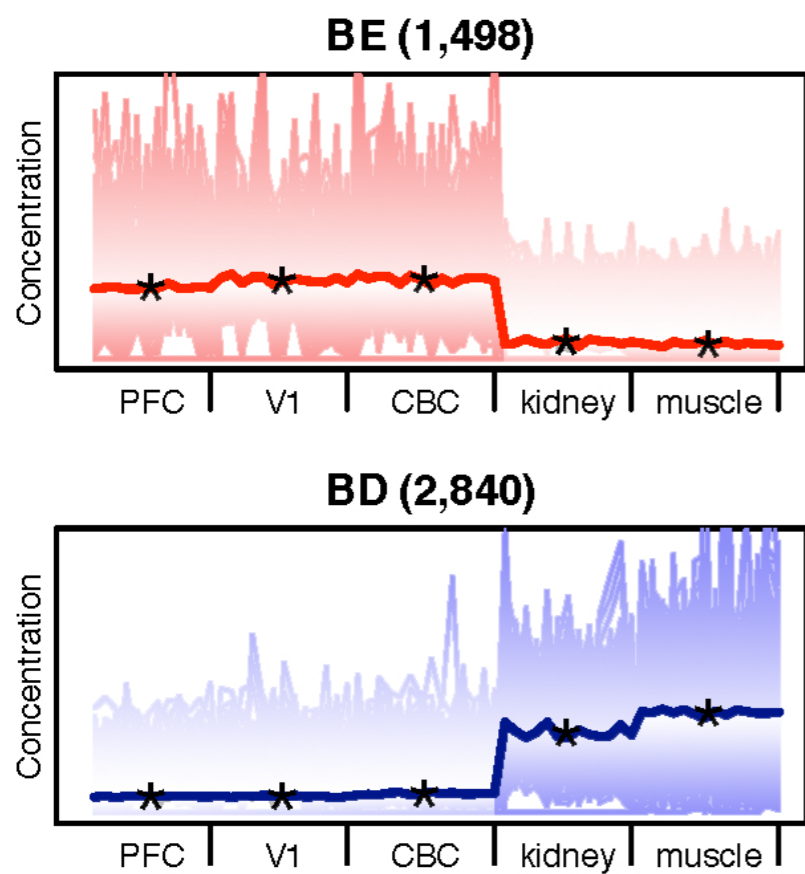
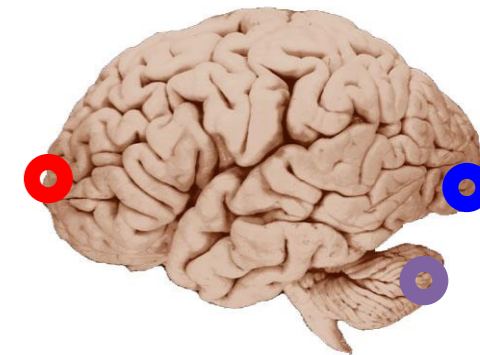
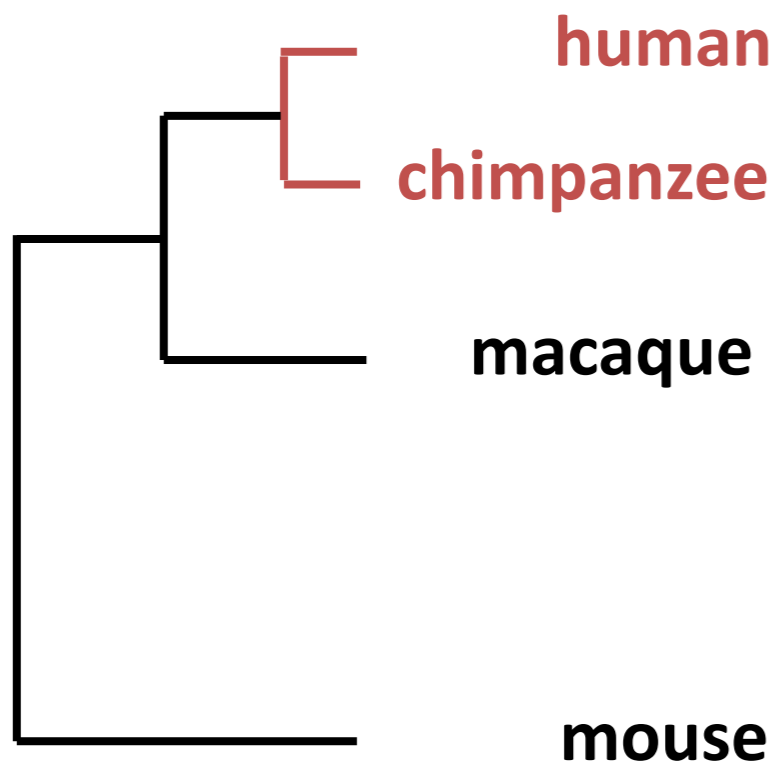
- human
- chimpanzee
- other divergent

**BE 35.2%**

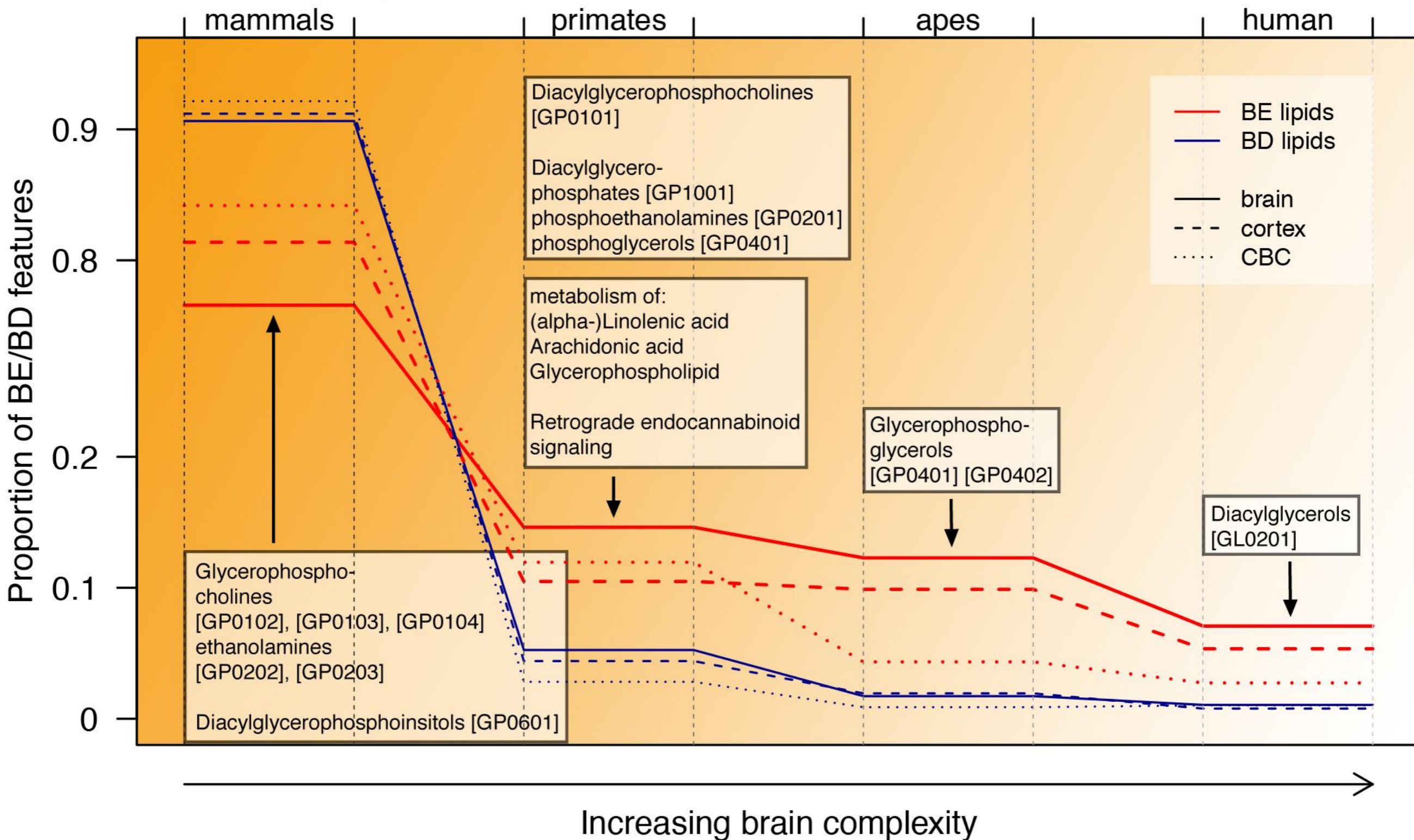


**BD 7.5%**





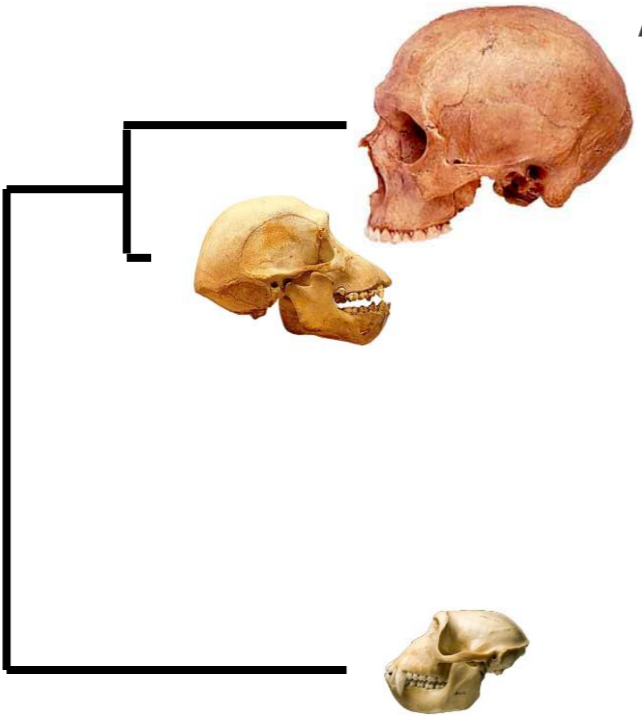
Features unique to brain of:



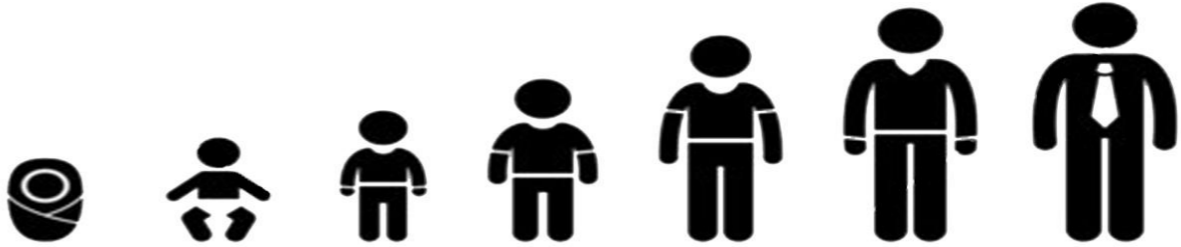
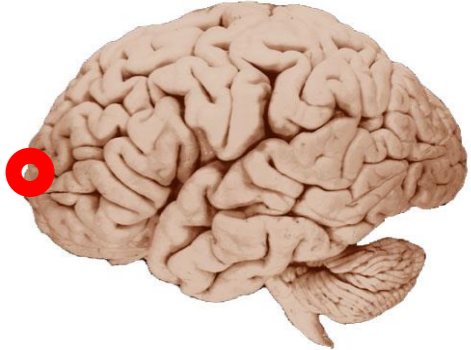
## **2. Системная липидомика развития мозга человека**



# Эволюция



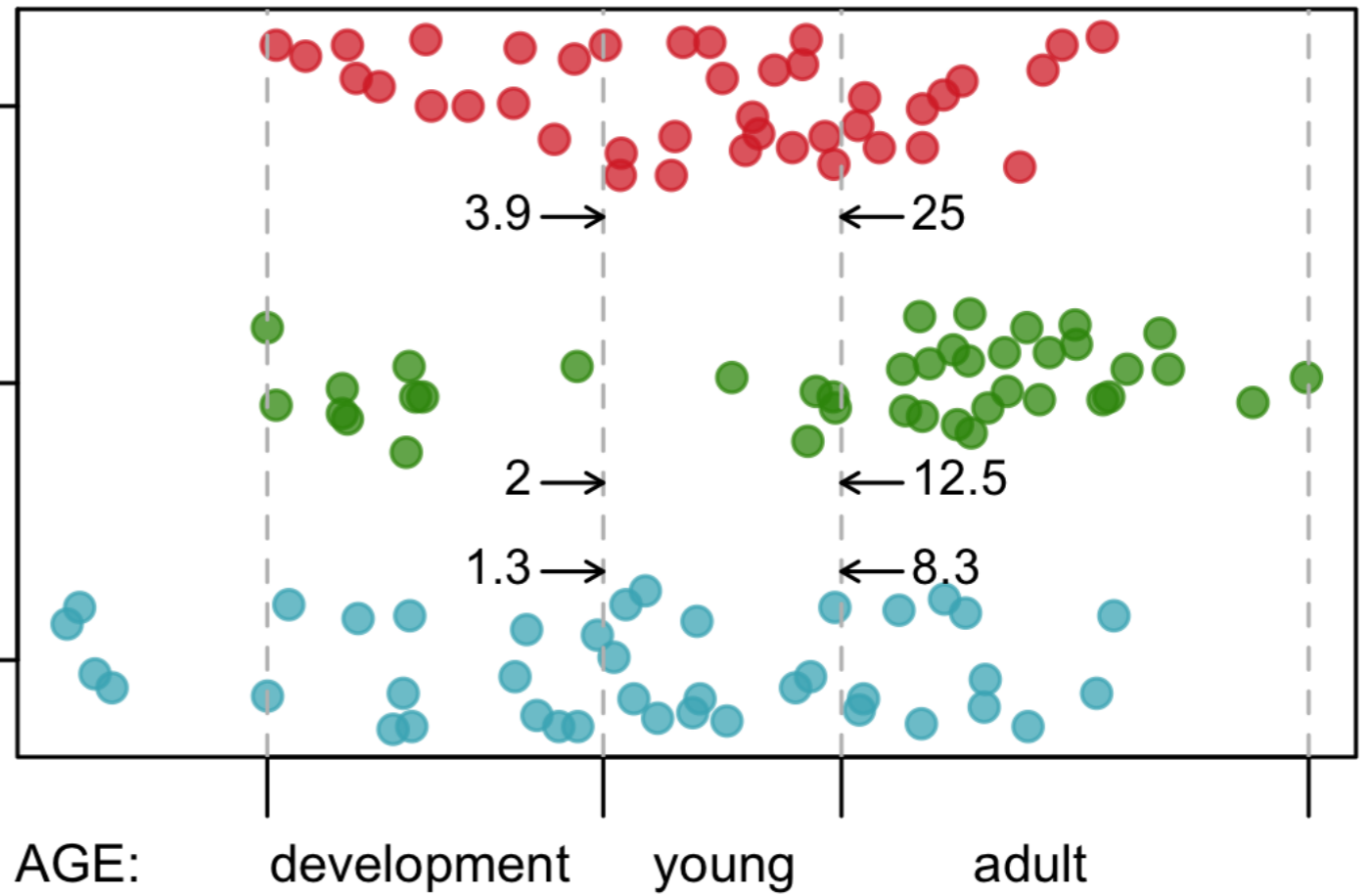
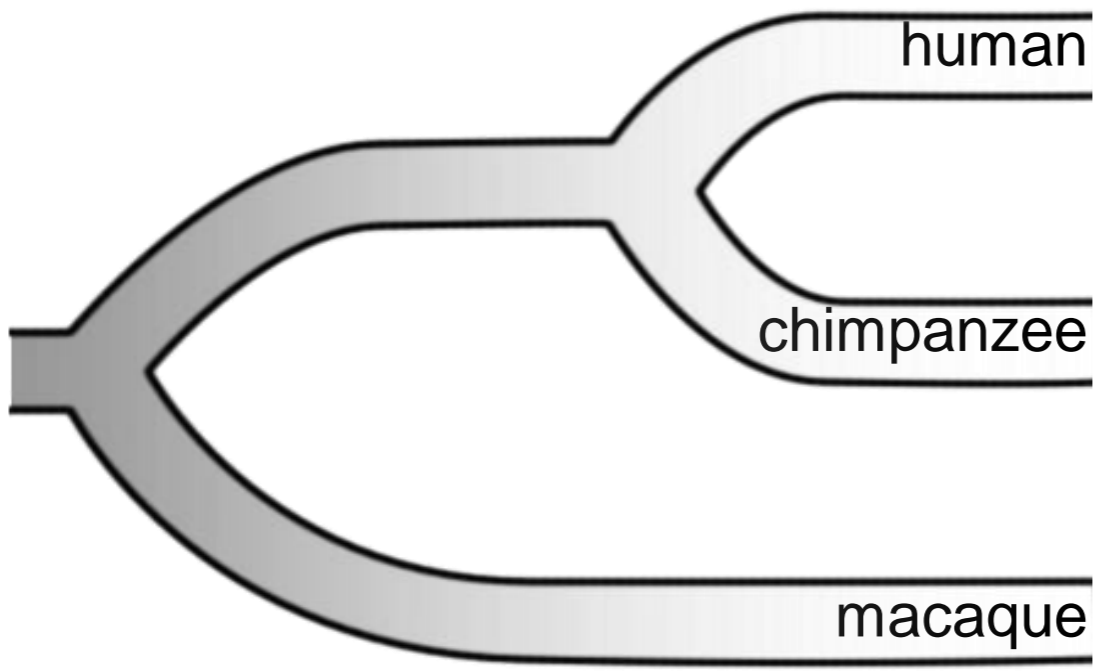
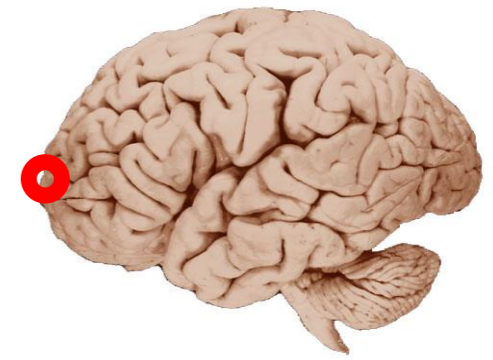
Brain | prefrontal cortex



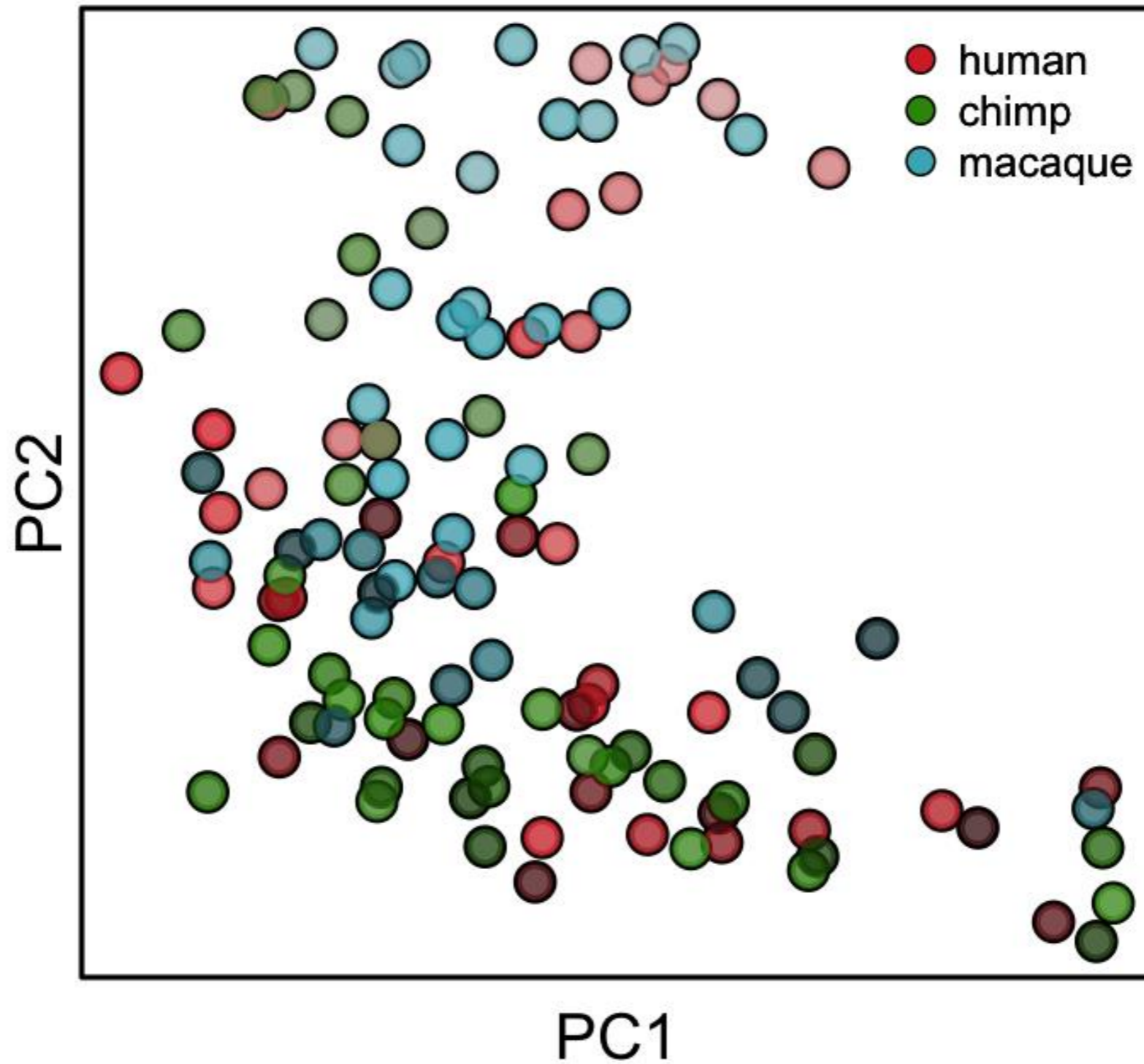
*Метаболиты и Липиды*

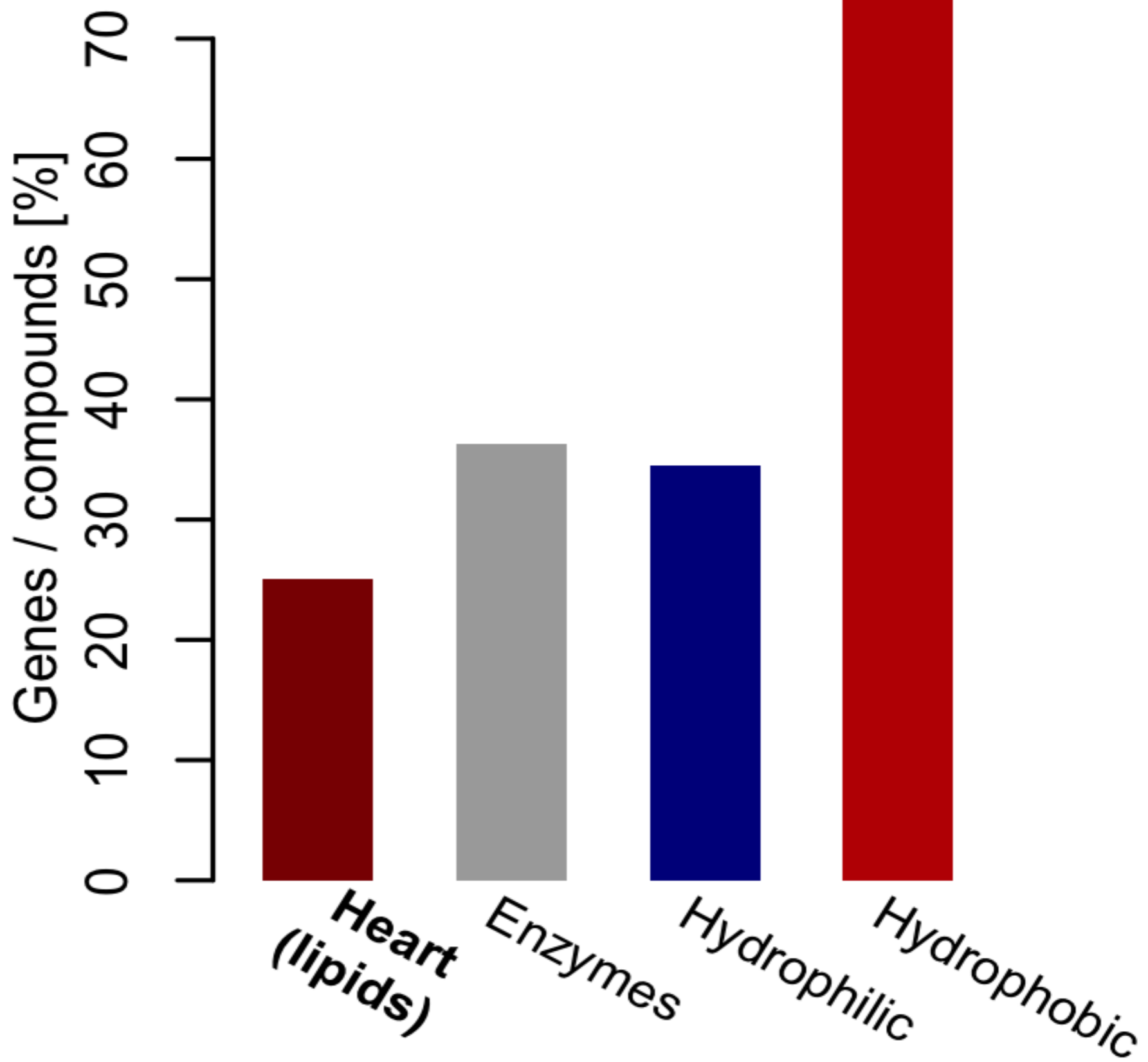
# Данные



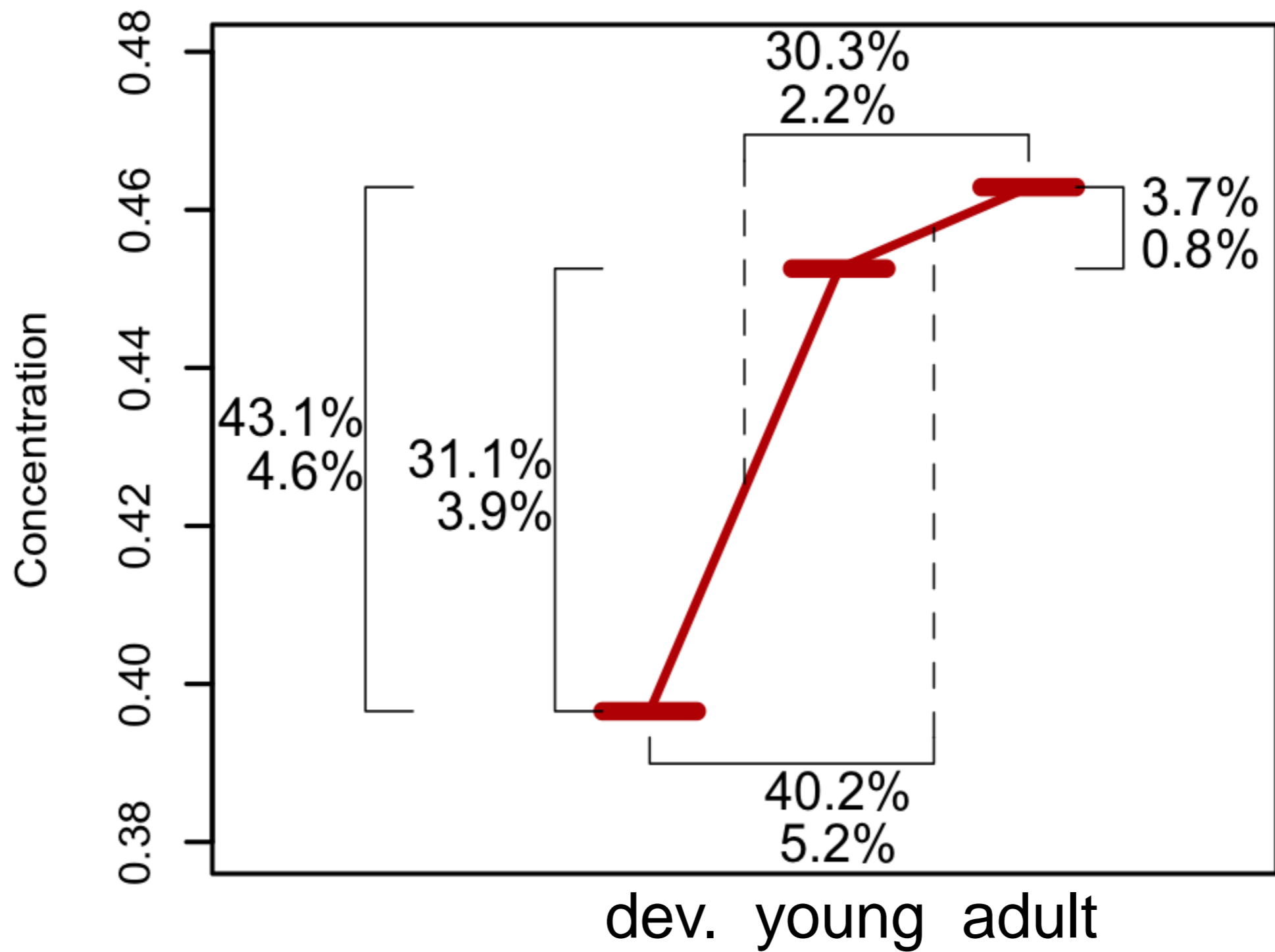


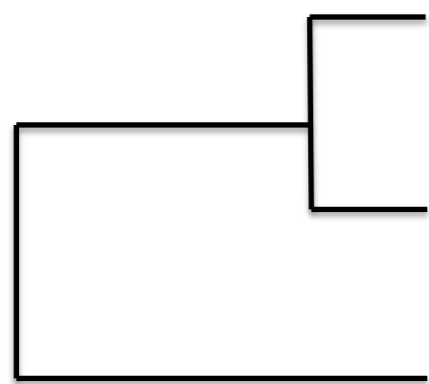
# Hydrophobic





# Hydrophobic





human



chimpanzee



macaque



conserved

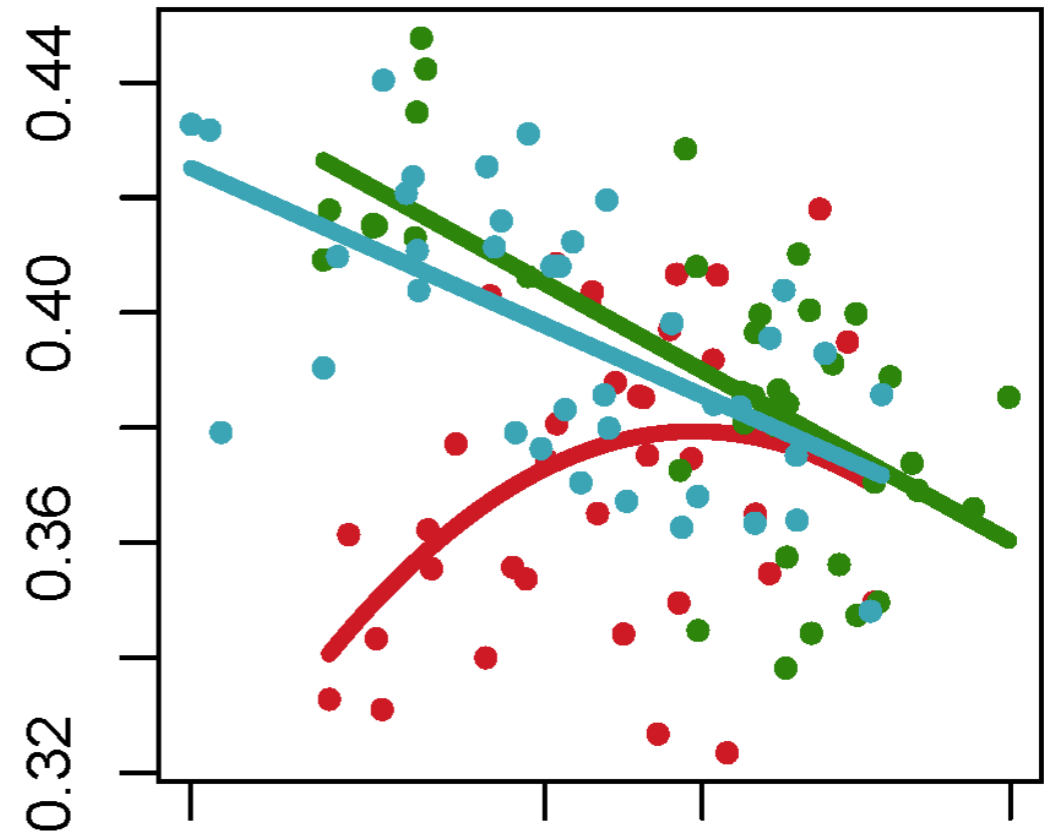


divergent



0 5 10 15

Compounds [%]



## Lipid classes

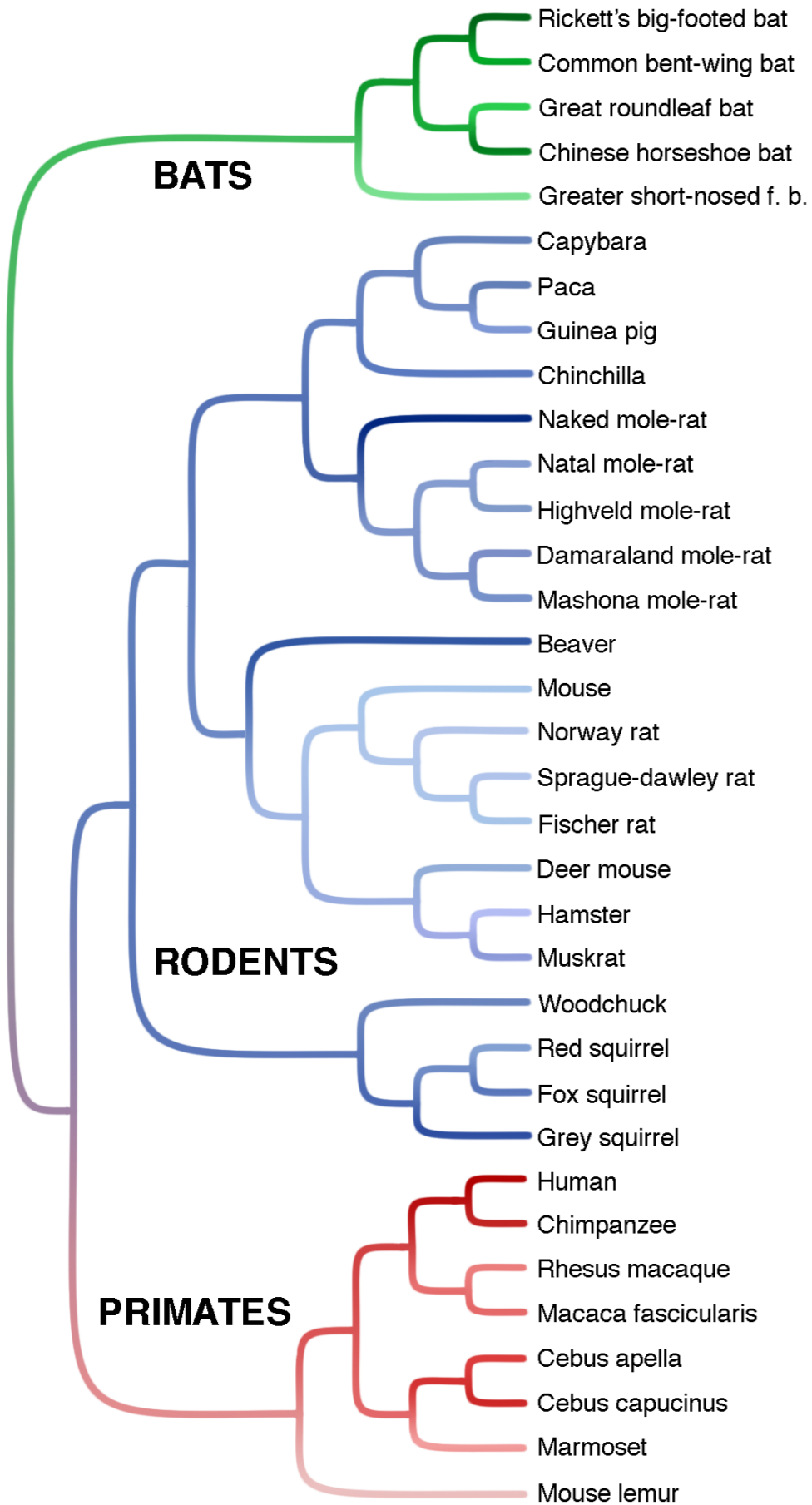
	dev.	young	adult	enz.
Dolichols [PR0307]	Red	Red	Light Red	White
Hydroperoxy fatty acids [FA0104]	Light Red	Light Red	Light Red	White
Diacylglycerophosphocholines [GP0101]	Light Red	Light Red	White	Grey
Prenol Lipids	Light Red	Light Red	White	Grey
Eicosanoids	Light Red	White	White	White

## Pathways

	dev.	young	adult	enz.
Linoleic acid metabolism	Light Red	Light Red	White	Dark Grey
Arachidonic acid metabolism	Light Red	Light Red	White	Dark Grey
Biosynthesis of 12-, 14- and 16-membered macrolides	Light Red	Light Red	Light Red	Grey
Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites	Light Blue	Light Red	Light Red	Grey

# 3. Системная липидомика долголетия





**6 tissues:**

Brain | prefrontal cortex



Brain | cerebellum

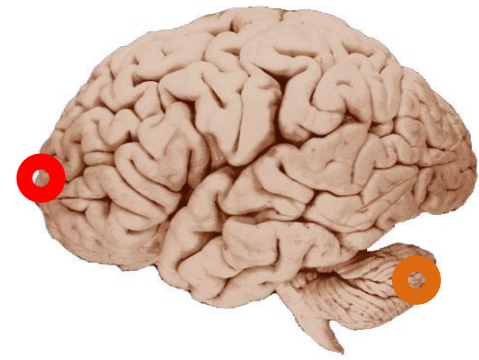


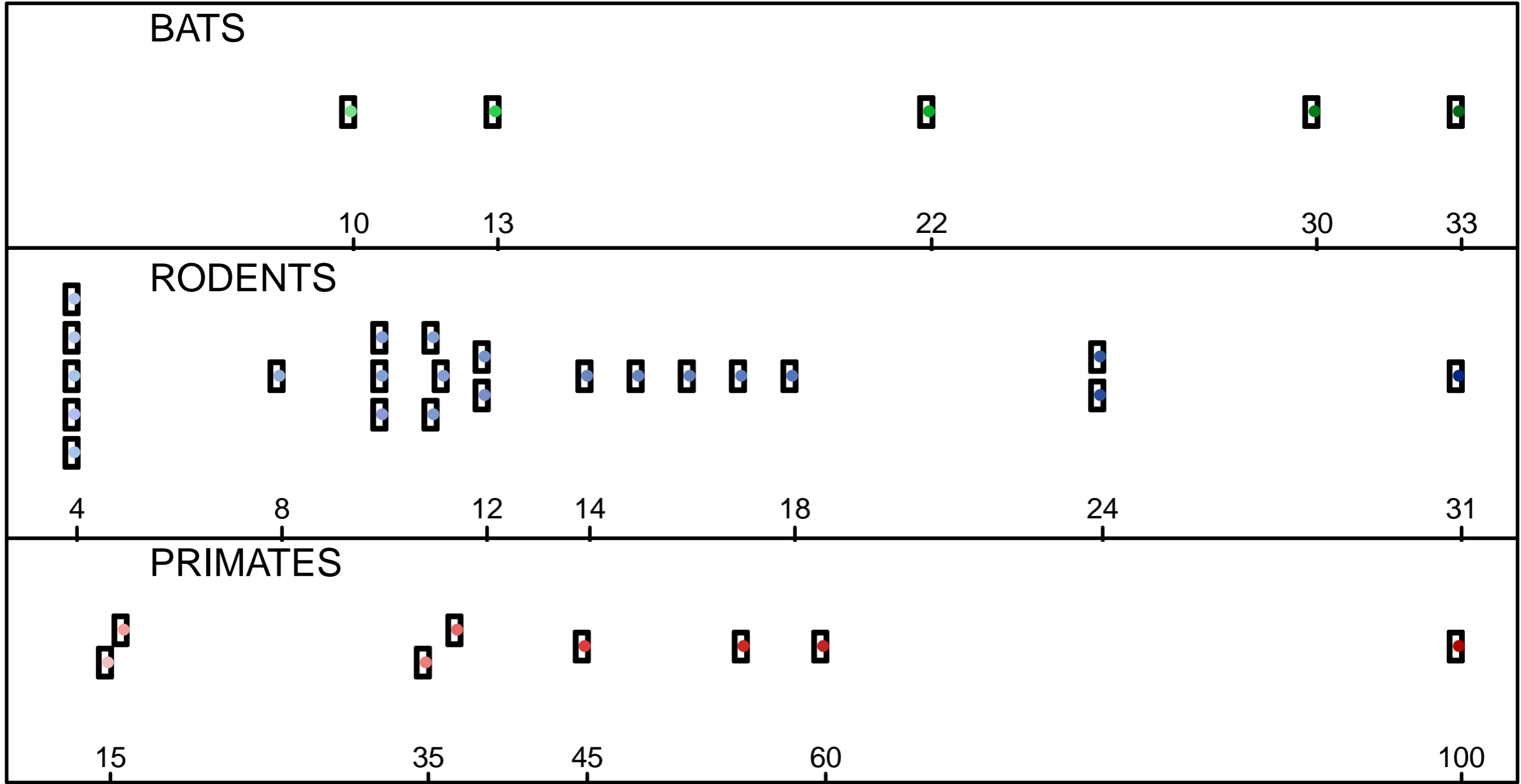
Kidney

Muscle

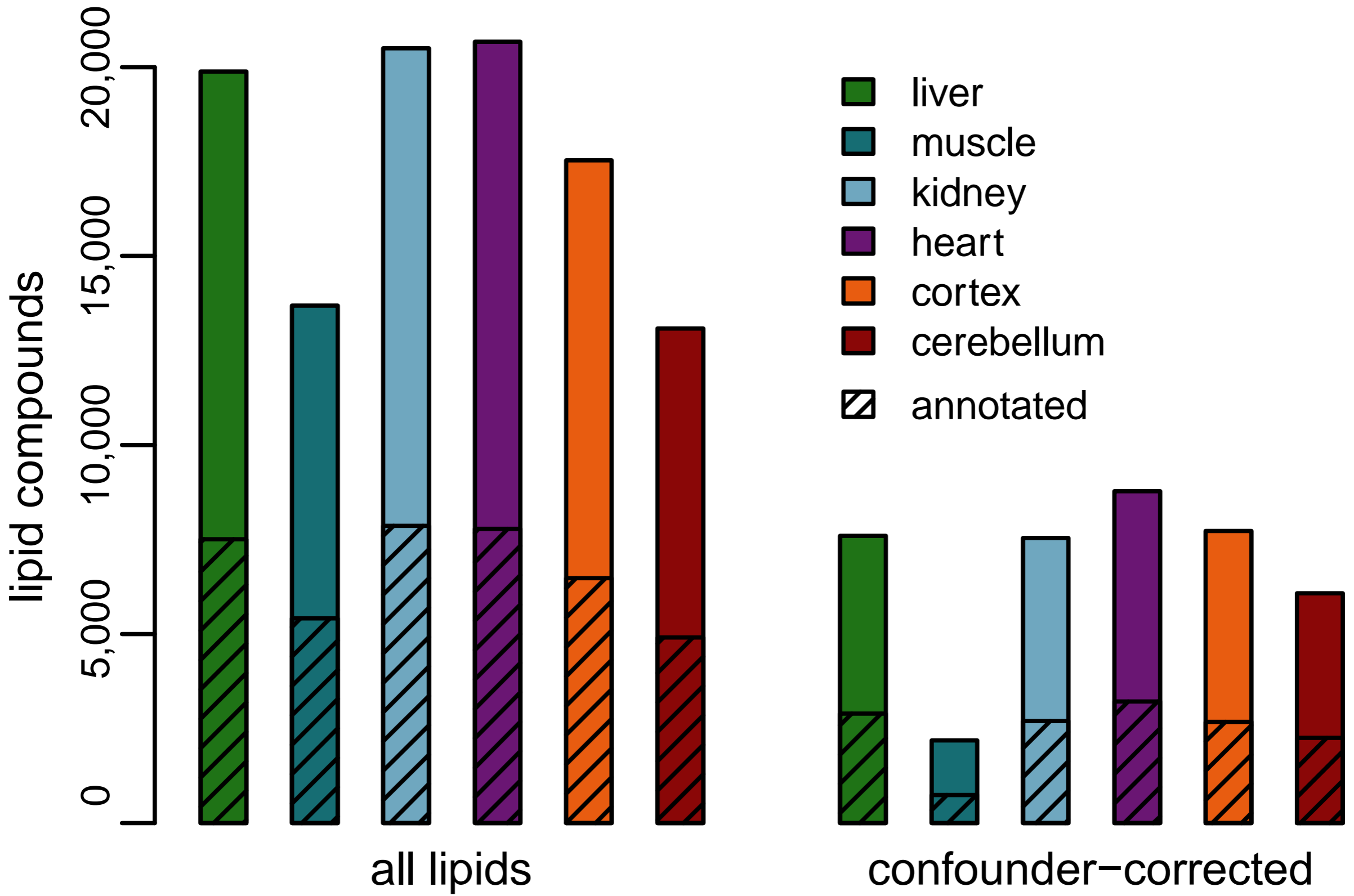
Liver

Heart

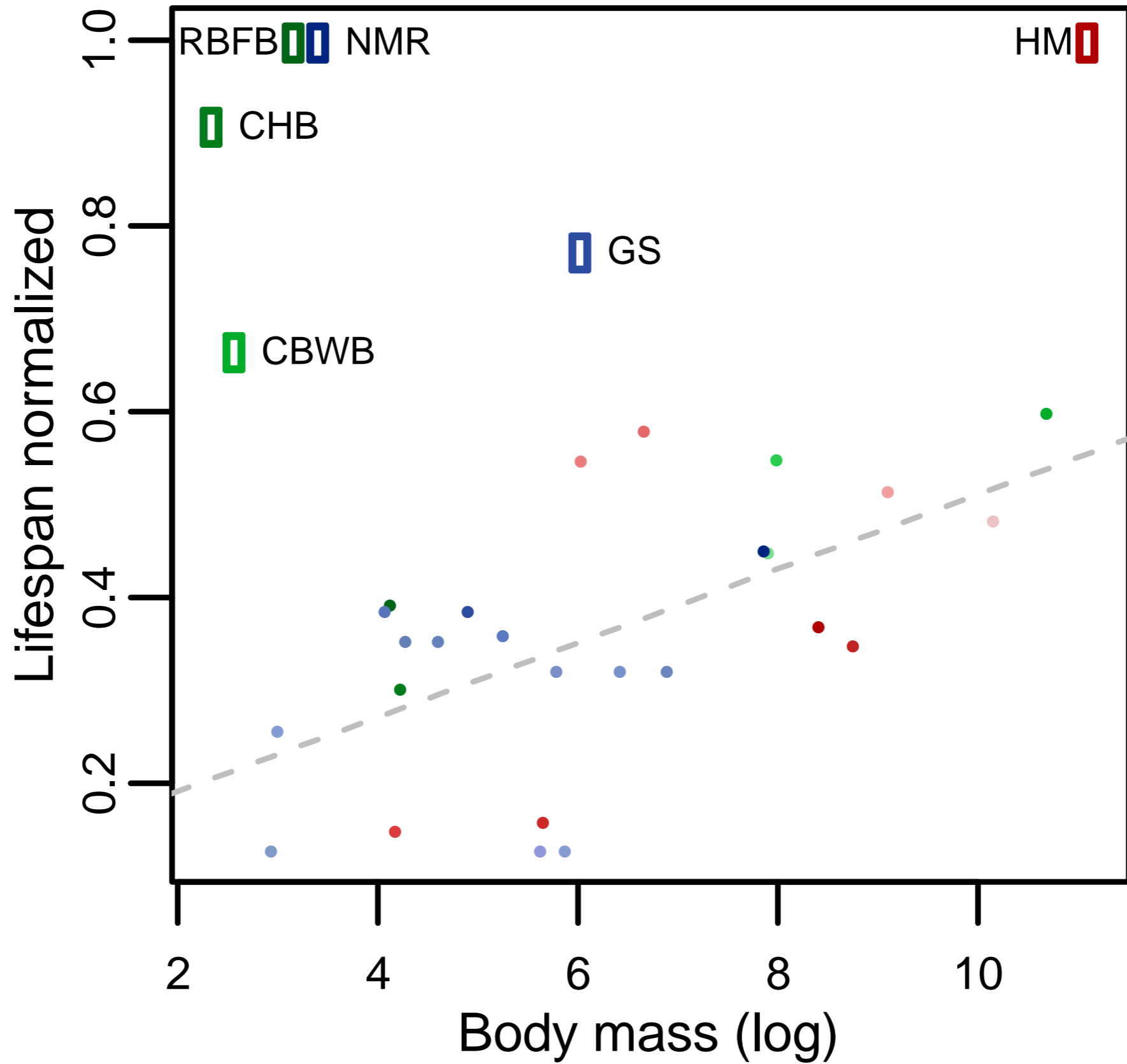


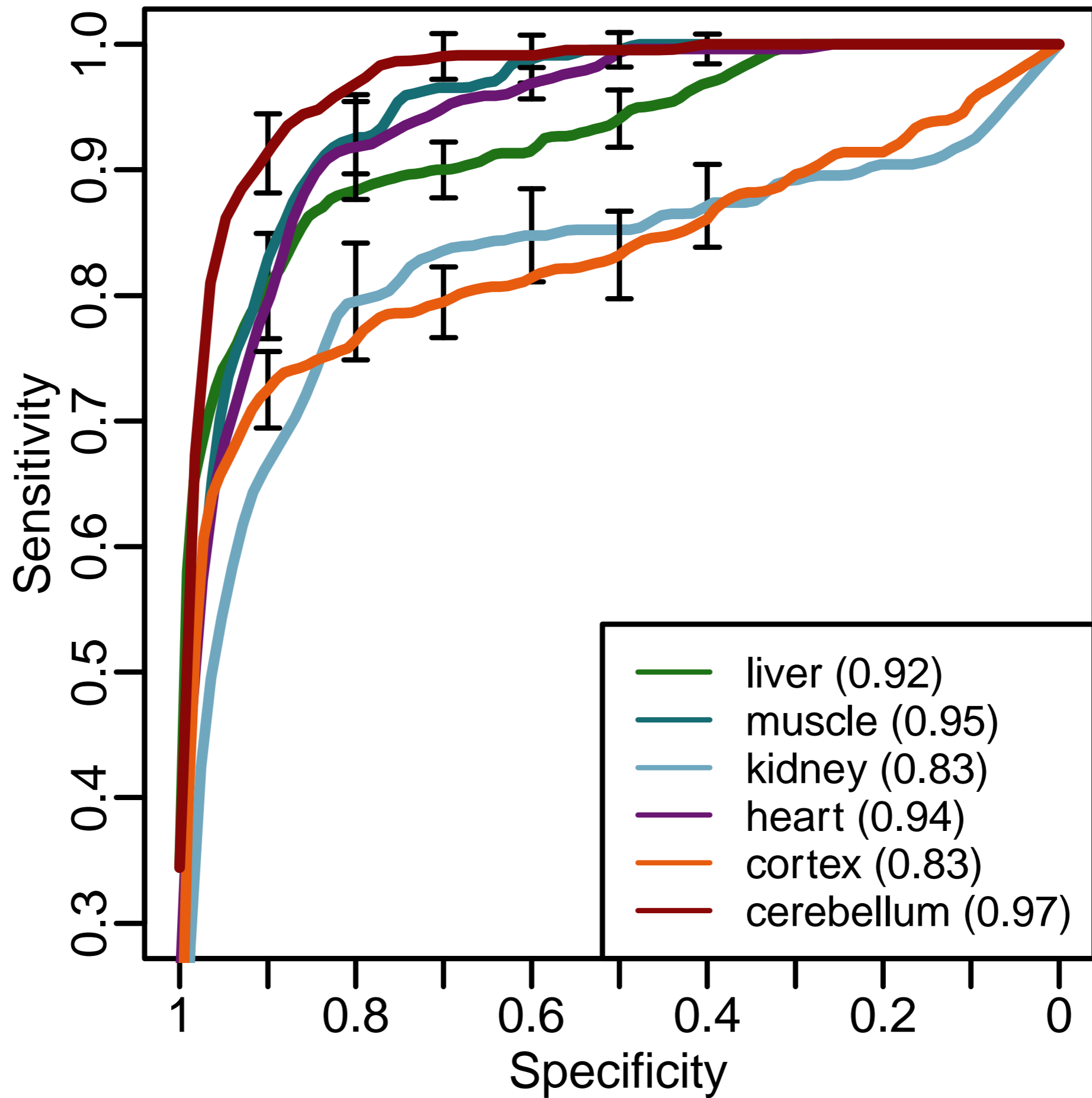


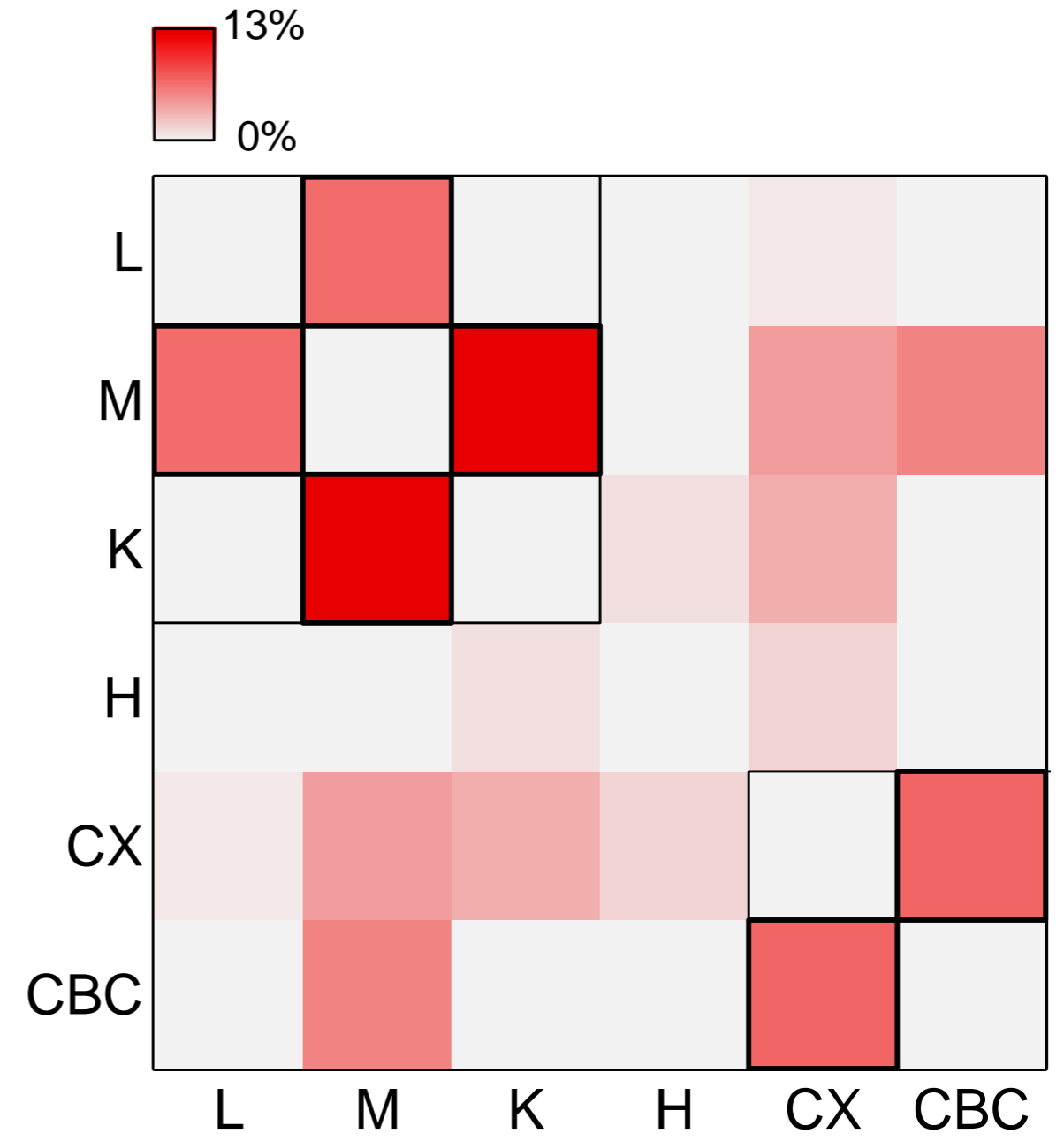
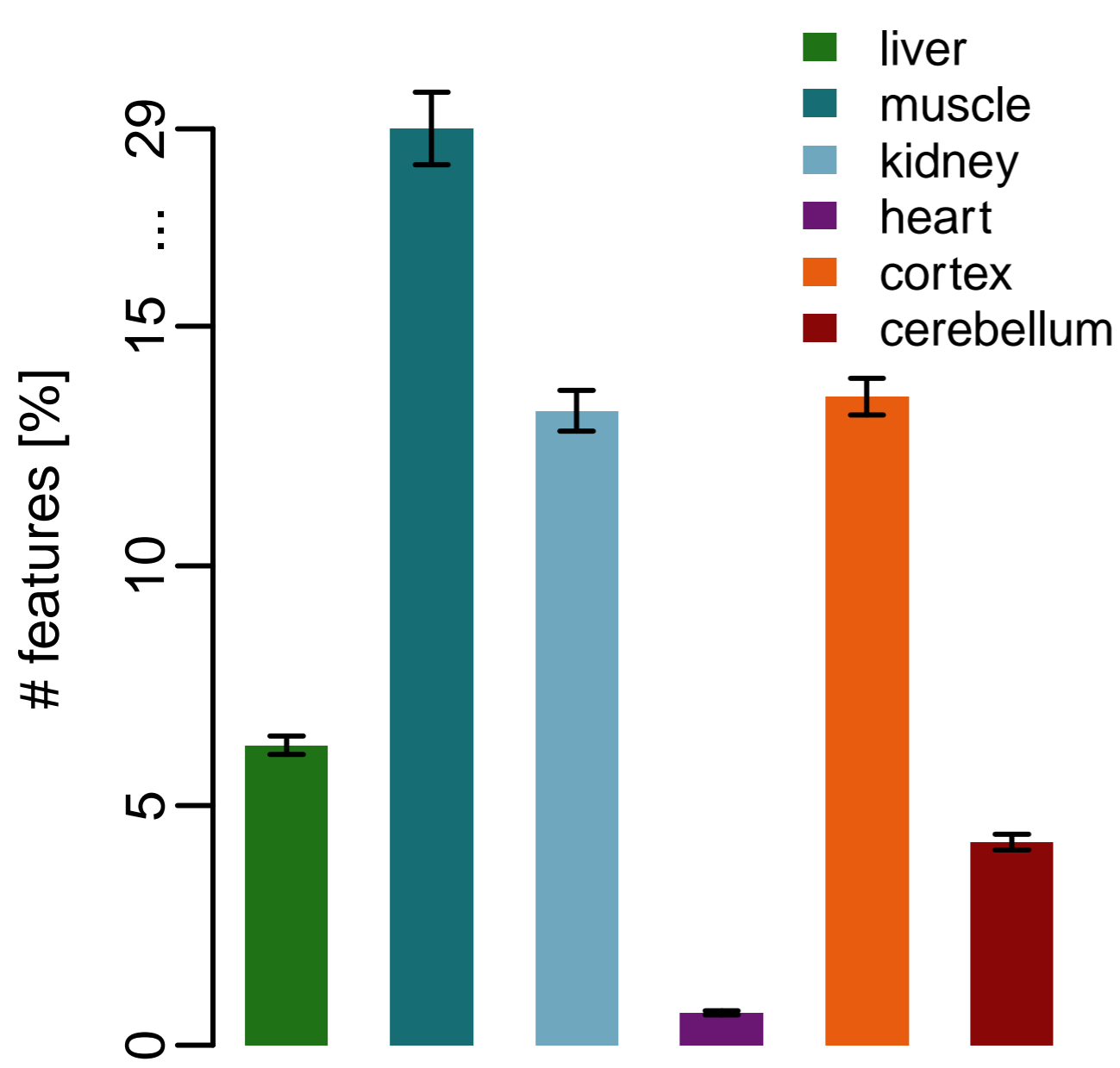
Maximal lifespan

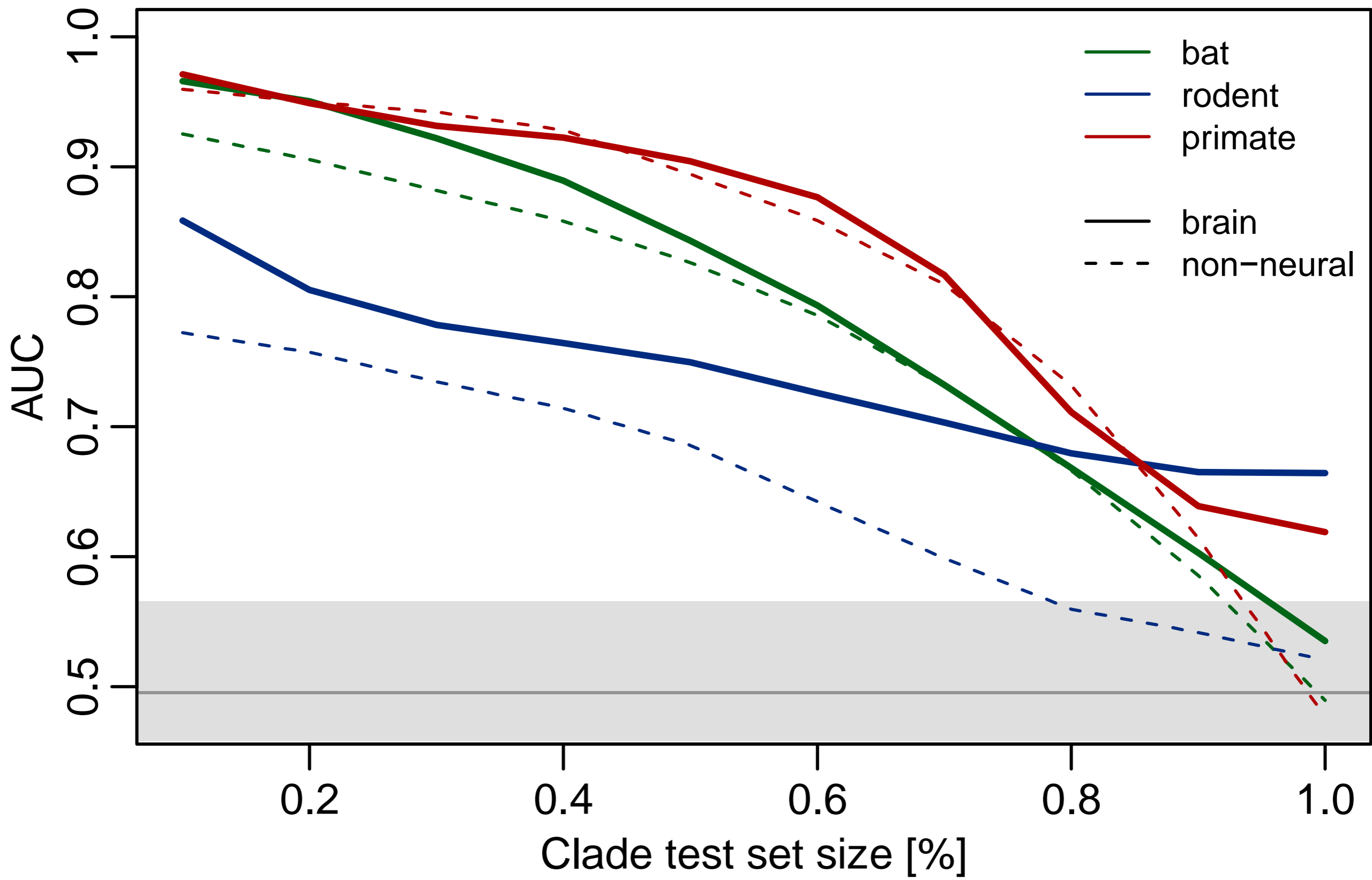


# Lifespan (norm) – body mass

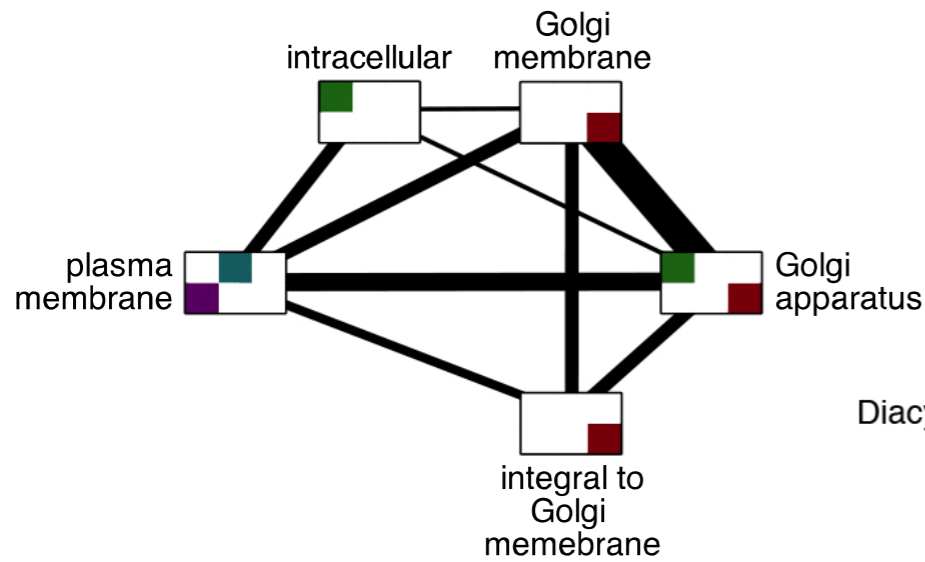
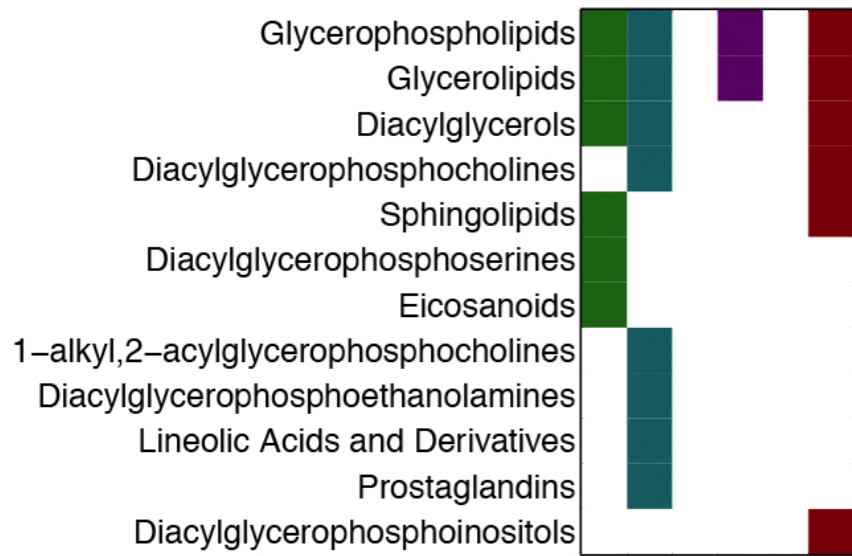




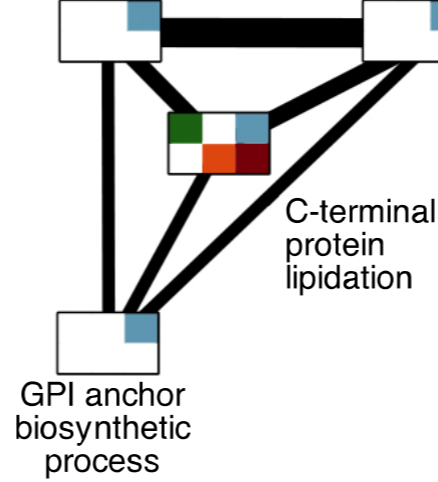




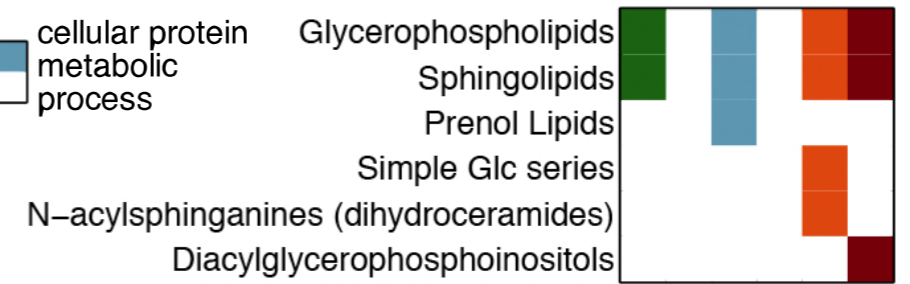
### cellular compartment



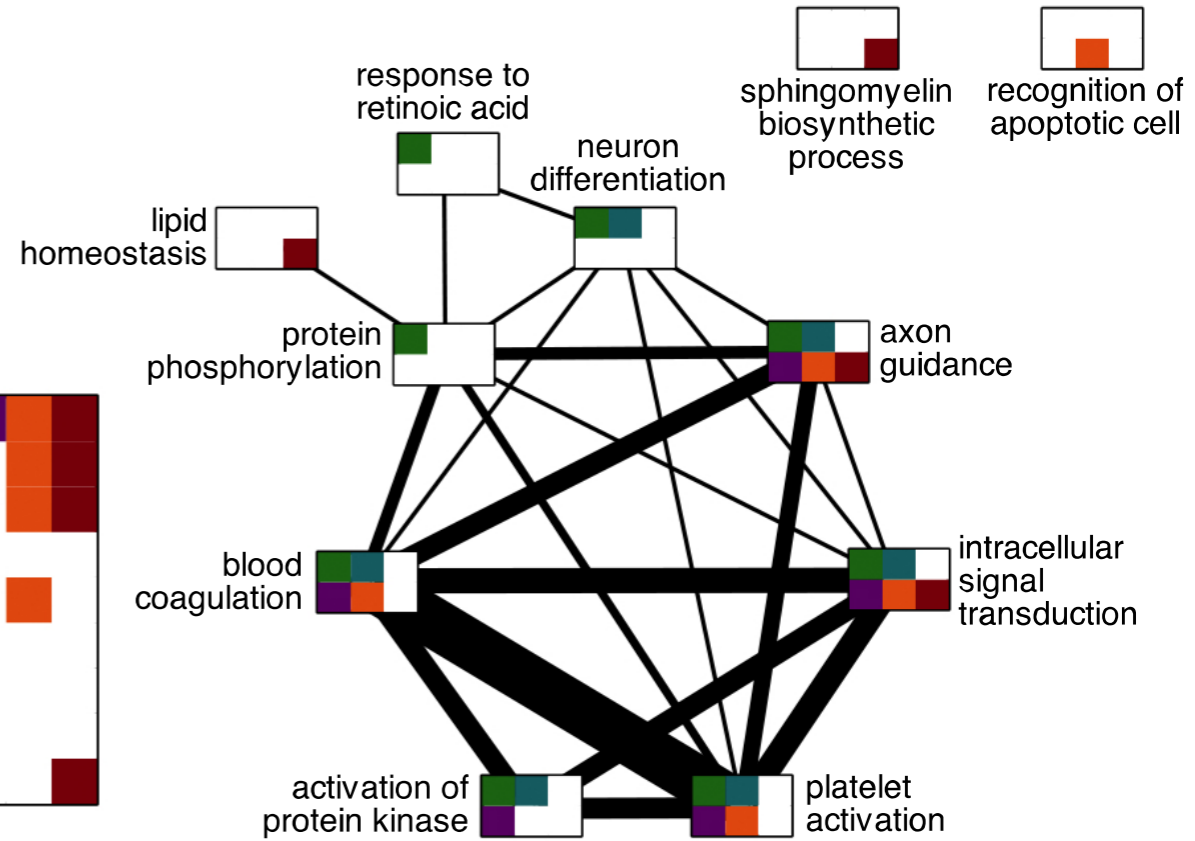
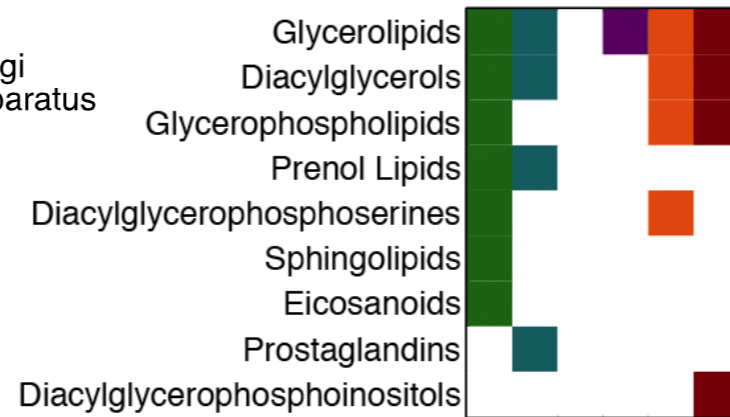
### post-translational protein modification



### protein modification



### signaling





**Анализ липидомы мозга –  
новый и перспективный  
инструмент изучения мозга  
человека.**

**Спасибо!**